Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

$1.50 and postage per year in advance.

VOLUME XXVIII. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1894. NUMBER 41.

Erring Pair Found.

...harles Lane, a former resident of the Seventeenth ward, and Miss Annie Hoover, who also formerly lived in this city, were arrested yesterday at Green... Constable Isaac J. Harri... looked-for pair ne... in the city pri... in the cou... Lane is ad... abeth W...

A Rea...

A public readin... felt want in F...

Advertising Rates.

The large and reliable circulation of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN commends it to the favorable consideration of advertisers whose favors will be inserted at the following low rates:

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Book and Job Printing of all kinds neatly and expeditiously executed at the lowest prices. And don't you forget it.

STOP! LOOK! LISTEN!

The Largest Stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps, Underwear, Shoes Furnishing Goods, etc., just received at

J. B. WILBER'S.

$2.50 Will buy an Excellent Satinette Suit of Clothing for a Man.

$5.00 Will buy a Man's All-Wool Cheviot Suit. Makes a Fine Dress Suit.

$8.00 Will buy a Genuine Clay Worsted Suit, in All Sizes.

$6.00 Will buy a Man's Black Corkscrew Suit, in All Sizes.

$2.50 And up will buy a Youth's Suit, age from 12 to 19 years.

99 cts. Will buy a Child's Suit of Clothing, age from 4 to 14 years.

$1.25 Will buy a Child's Nice Double-Breasted Suit, age from 4 to 14 years.

$2.00 Will buy a Child's All-Wool, very fine, age from 4 to 14 years.

25 cts. Will buy a Never Rip Child's Pants, age from 4 to 14 years.

75 cts. Will buy a Youth's Never-Rip Pants—a Pants every School Boy should have.

$1.00 Will buy a Man's Never-Rip Pants. Come in and examine them.

99 cts. Will buy a pair of Ladies' Glove Grained Button Shoes.

$1.25 Will buy a Man's Fine Dress Shoe. A Big Bargain. Come and see them.

25 cts. Will buy a nice pair of INFANT'S SHOES.

☞We have Hose that retail everywhere at 10 cents a pair, we sell 4 pairs for 25 cents, or 70 cents per dozen pairs.

☞Hats, Caps, Underwear and Gent's Furnishing Goods at the Lowest Rates.

☞Come early and get what you want.

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DREXEL'S

IMPROVED EMULSION OF PURE NORWEGIAN

OD LIVER OIL

WITH CHEMICALLY PURE

HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA.

— FOR —

UMPTION, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, ...S ASTHMA, SCROFULA, ...N DISEASES, NERVOUS DISEASES, ...SEASES OF CHILDREN, ...OPING COUGH, ANAEMIA, ...ERAL DEBILITY, ETC., ETC.

...cures by its nutritive ...a true emulsion,—not ...quickly assimilated, ...on blood, tissue ...improvement from ...Cod Liver Oil is especially ...ommended for scrofula ...enlargements, ...broat. For dys... ...of flesh, dis... ...is a perfect cure. ...Liver Oil is the very ...colds, bronchitis, ...throat, hoarse... ...of chest and all ...diseased conditions ...per bottle. Sold by ...to any address on re...

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R SHAVING PARLOR!

ENTER STREET, EBENSBURG

...established Shaving ...Centre street, op... ...Davis & Luth... ...carried on in the ...HAIR CUTTING AND ...the neatest and most ...a specialty. ...their patronage.

JAMES H. GANT, Proprietor

...THE NEWS, READ THE FREE...

...NZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE ...both sexes Write now ...GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills makes a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES.
$3. $2.50 $2 $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by

J. D. LUCAS & CO.

july13 3m.

LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

How Our Sea Coasts Are Provided with Rescuers.

Thousands of Shipwrecked Persons Saved from Drowning by the Hardy Men Who Are Ever on the Watch.

At the late session, says the Youth's Companion, congress added two months to the yearly term of employment of the men in the life-saving service who are stationed along the Atlantic and gulf coasts; and hereafter the men at these stations will be on duty from the 1st of each August to the 1st of the next June, instead of from September to May, as was formerly the case.

This step was taken for the reason that, as a general rule, destructive sea storms are not apprehended in summer, in the regions named some of the most furious gales occurring in the months of May and August. On the New England coast, in particular, the "August gales" are expected annually and are greatly feared.

The life-saving service belongs to the treasury department. Its officers and men are nearly all practical seamen; all are of mature age, and all are picked men, fitted by exceptional physique and by mental and moral qualities for the business of saving lives from vessels wrecked in storms.

Great care is exercised in choosing them, and the service has been kept so free from political influence that no suspicion of partisanship has ever attached to it.

The stations of the service are placed in exposed situations where wrecks are most likely to occur. For this reason they are scattered very unevenly over our coasts.

In 1893 there were only twelve stations on the entire Pacific coast and there were two on the little island of Nantucket. On the Atlantic and Gulf coast there were one hundred and eighty, and there were fifty on the shores of the great lakes; while there is one on an interior river—at the falls of the Ohio, near Louisville.

Each station consists of a little house where the men live and a boat-house where the surf-boats are kept. The men are constantly exercised in the handling and launching of these boats. They must patrol the beach for long distances in storms, and they lead anything but an idle life.

Under the new arrangement for ten months of service a year, the surfmen are to receive sixty dollars a month each, and out of this sum they must feed themselves. They lead lives of isolation and often of hardship, and are expected in an emergency to show, and always have shown, the highest qualities of heroism.

Since the service was established in 1871, it has rescued from wrecked vessels more than ten thousand persons, and saved ninety millions of dollars' worth of property. All this good is done at an expense to the government of little more than a million and a quarter dollars a year—but an insignificant fraction of the amount which the government yearly pays for appliances intended to destroy life in warfare.

The life-saving service is one of the branches of the government in the support of which all men and parties may cooperate without substantial disagreement. Not only is direct good done by it in the saving of life and property, but indirect good, of importance in the building up of character, by the cultivation of heroism and self-sacrifice through the example of the deeds done every year by these brave surfmen.

The service is still inadequate. Many points on the coasts of our oceans and great lakes are unguarded where wrecks are likely to occur. But in its present state the life-saving service is a brilliant example to other peoples.

TOWN REFUSE AS FUEL.

Result of Experiments with a Furnace at Halifax, England.

Experiments in seeking to utilize the refuse of towns as fuel have been carried, so far that a plant, known as the Livet plant, has been set up in Halifax, England, with which it is expected to supply electric energy. The successful working of the Livet furnace, says the Popular Science Monthly, appears to depend upon the peculiar construction of its flues, which are so built as to utilize the effect of the decreasing volume of the gases of combustion traveling toward the chimney, so promoting a high velocity to the air passing through the furnace bars and producing rapid combustion with intense heat. At the same time the effect of this peculiarity of construction is to cause the gases themselves to move slowly through the flues so that they may part with their useful heat before escaping into the atmosphere. The force of draught at the furnace is such that a high and constant temperament is obtained and efficiency of combustion insured, while all unpleasant odors inherent in town garbage are destroyed.

As an example of the heat economy effected, it is said that whereas in previous generators the best results ever obtained have been three-quarters of a pound of water evaporated on the combustion of one pound of refuse, in the Livet generator over three pounds of water are evaporated into steam for every pound of refuse consumed, in spite of the fact that it is frequently known to contain twenty per cent. of moisture. The temperature of the gases just before entering the chimney is stated to be from three to four hundred degrees Fahrenheit lower than hitherto obtained. The progression of the cases is partially arrested at both ends of each flue for the purpose of permitting them to deposit the contained light dust in suitable expansion chambers or pits, which can be cleaned out when desirable. This arrangements serves to overcome the objectionable dust, which in ordinary "destructors" tends to choke the flues and impregnate the air of the surrounding districts.

A Counterfeit Schoolma'am.

For forty years the principal of a young lady's school in Copenhagen has been respected as a lady. Lately "she" became very rude to one of her pupils and was arrested. After two days' incarceration it was noticed that "she" needed shaving. Then it became manifest that the principal was really a man.

THE NEXT PARIS EXPOSITION.

Attractive Features Proposed for the Universal Show in 1900.

Already they appear to be commencing preparations for the exposition of 1900 in Paris. It would strike Americans that the introduction of electricity for general lighting had not made that progress one would expect there. But this season, says the Philadelphia Telegraph, the way in which a number of streets have been torn up to put in electric cables, shows that when the exposition is open all Paris will be brighter than ever by night. And now everyone who gives thought to the coming show is racking his brains to find something to distinguish the coming from the preceding shows. Among these has been proposed by the Petit Journal a scheme which it is thought will be particularly interesting to the children, and everyone knows how attractive that is to grown people, although they may not be willing to admit it. It has been suggested by Armand Dayot, inspector of fine arts, to unite with the exposition of 1900 the garden of the Tuileries, which latter is to be exclusively reserved for juvenile attractions, to be a sort of children's paradise, quite apart from the amusements and distractions of the grown people. There will be no lack of variety to give success to the idea. There will be interesting museums of children's toys, retrospective collections of dolls, where the crude terra cotta darling which the blind Nidia of Pompeii may have carried may look from the far end of the line down to her fin-de-siecle distant relative in gorgeous Paris dressing and capable of singing an entire song in a squeaky, grating phonograph falsetto! Then there will be panoramas and dioramas in miniature, to be decorated by such artists as Boutet de Monvel and Kate Greenaway. Punch and Judy shows in all their variety and nationality, from all corners of the world and of all periods, from the Chignot of the classic period to the marionettes of Boulogne, and the Karaguez of Constantinople, all displaying the antics of the same old "Polichinelle," eternally raging to the intense amusement of the children. There are to be children's balls and pony cavalcades under the trees, and under cover a sort of wax works showing children of genius in their early days; such as Lulli, Mozart, Giotto, Viviana, Canova and that astonishing Henry de Heinecken, who at the age of two years spoke three languages while yet in his nurse's arms, and could speak a piece in Latin also.

It is to be hoped that baby king of Spain will send his baby regiment, and, although they are Spanish soldiers, they may be allowed by the French government to show their drill in the garden. That the coming men and women have had no place, nothing suitable for their capabilities, in former exhibitions must be acknowledged; and that such a display, coupled with a retrospective exhibition of educational methods, will make the whole affair immensely attractive to both young and old, no one will doubt.

TESTED RECIPES.

GREEN CORN OMELET.—Twelve ears of corn grated and scraped, one cupful of milk or cream, two tablespoonfuls melted butter, four eggs; beat whites separately and add last; pepper and salt to taste. Bake three-quarters of an hour.

BLACK STRAP PUDDING.—One cupful molasses, one-half cupful butter, one cupful sweet milk, four cupfuls flour, one cupful chopped raisins, one-half teaspoonful soda, one-half teaspoonful cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful cloves, a little salt. Steam three hours.

HAM PASTE SANDWICHES.—To one pound boiled ham, minced fine, with the fat, add yolks of two hard-boiled eggs, one tablespoonful made mustard, two tablespoonfuls vinegar. Spread on bread from which crust has been cut. This is enough to make one hundred sandwiches.

CREAMED CLAMS.—Take twenty-five hard-shell clams, pour off liquor and chop fine. Let a large cup of milk boil and thicken, with two and one-half teaspoonfuls flour, mixed smooth in a little cold milk (have it too thick to pour); stir into this the clams, two tablespoonfuls butter, salt and pepper to taste. Fill into the shells and sprinkle over with rolled cracker crumbs. Bake half an hour.—N. Y. Observer.

PEOPLE AND EVENTS.

THE customs authorities of Boston have decided that the works of Zola are immoral, but not obscene.

"ELRGY" MALONE, the once famous baseball catcher, has been reported dead, but erroneously so. He is and has been for several years a special inspector in the United States customs department in Philadelphia.

WILLIAM WATSON'S health is said to be now almost completely reestablished. He is able to spend a considerable part of each day in literary work. A sonnet by him was recently printed in the Westminster Gazette.

THE enforced abstinence from books and periodicals after the operation on his eye was most irksome to Mr. Gladstone. He made the best of his idleness by having one of his secretaries read the second book of the Æneid to him in the original, but frequently he would take the Latin words out of the reader's mouth and recite them from memory.

PEOPLE AND EVENTS.

THE mother of Gen. Boulanger, who died in Paris, was ninety-two years of age.

REV. E. E. WILLEY, of Sedalia, Mo., has been expelled from a local Chautauqua circle because he umpired a game of baseball.

MILTON TIBBITS, the fifteen-year-old editor and proprietor of the Washington Weekly Bulletin, received much attention in Boston during a recent visit.

MRS. MILLICENT GARRETT FAWCETT has presented to Newnham college a collection of photographs of babies whose mothers had had a college education.

A LITTLE EXTRAORDINARY.

AN eleven-ounce baby was born in Kingsbridge, N. Y., in 1885.

THE old fort at Pilot Knob has not been disturbed since the war.

SHAVING the head was a sign of mourning among the ancients.

WHEN a woman rides a bicycle in Topeka she is called a wheel lady.

BRIGHT JOKES.

FATHER (solemnly)—"This is going to hurt me more than you, Napoleon." Napoleon (sympathetically)—"Well, don't be too rough on yourself, dad, I ain't worth it."—Judge.

"THE threshold of life must be pretty nearly worn out." "Why so?" "Because so many valedictorians of colleges and high schools have stood upon it this year."—Boston Gazette.

"It doesn't seem possible that any woman would lead a man to drink deliberately." "Well, she has." "How do you know?" "She has dried beef for lunch every day."—Exchange.

"THERE goes my hat!" yelled the pompous man with the red face. "Yes," rejoined the calm party with chin whiskers, "straws show the way the wind blows."—Detroit Tribune.

WOULD-BE CONTRIBUTOR (at editor's desk)—"Here's a joke, Mr. Editor, that I'll guarantee was never in print before." Editor (after reading it)—"Don't doubt your word in the least, sir."—Life.

"HOW ARE you getting along with your new servant girl?" asked the caller. "Our new servant girl!" replied the hostess with some indignation in her voice, "why she has been with us for four days!"—Washington Star.

"MY dear lady, it is a scientific fact that intellectual women are not good looking." "Indeed! In what category do you place me?" "I certainly never accused you of being intellectual." "Oh, you flatterer!"—Fliegende Blaetter.

ORIGIN OF COMMON THINGS.

STEEL pens originated in England in 1803.

TILES were used on houses in Rome 500 B. C.

LAWYERS were known in Babylon 2300 B. C.

BOOKKEEPING is first mentioned in Italy about 1569.

COCK-FIGHTING was introduced into England in 1191.

TITLES are older than written history. King is the oldest.

PAINTING in both oil and water colors was known in Egypt 1900 B. C.

SHOES are first mentioned in Egyptian annals 2,000 years before Christ.

STAMPS for marking goods were in use at Rome before the Christian era.

CHESS was of military origin and known in India before the Christian era.

INK is mentioned in the Egyptian inscriptions about the time of the Exodus.

THE use of the Christian era in chronology began in Italy in 525. It was not employed in England until 816.

THE first telegraphic message that ever passed over the wires was composed of the words: "What hath God wrought?"

BRUSH AND PALETTE.

"ANCIENT ITALY," the famous picture by Turner, has been purchased by a number of art amateurs and placed in the Louvre. The price paid for the picture was forty thousand dollars.

THE principle first announced by Leonardo da Vinci that "all drawing is founded on perspective," has been fertile in producing "the philograph"—an ingenious device by means of which the uninstructed can acquire the art of sketching from nature.

THE princess of Wales has purchased a copy of the medallion of M. Paderewski, which is exhibited at the Royal academy. The medallion was executed by Miss A. M. Chaplin, from sittings which the pianist gave her during his visit in London last autumn.

THE pictures, books, furniture and relics of the late Ford Madox-Brown will be sold ere long in London. The collection contains many items of unique interest on account of their connection with the greatest names in English art during the last fifty years.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

THE statistics of life insurance people show that in the last twenty-five years the average of man's life has increased five per cent., or two whole years, from 41.9 to 43.9 years.

IN a ton of Dead sea water there are 187 pounds of salt; Red sea, 93; Mediterranean, 85; Atlantic, 81; English channel, 72; Baltic, 18; Black sea, 26, and Caspian sea, 11.

DR. KINGSETT, the chemist, recognizing that ozone, the natural purifier of the air, is produced in nature by balsam trees—the pine, fir, larch and eucalyptus—urges that such trees be planted and cherished on farms, and in towns and villages.

THE driest place in the world is said to be that part of Egypt between the two lower falls of the Nile. Rain has never been known to fall there, and the natives do not believe travelers when told that water falls from the sky.—Chicago Standard.

Always a Chance.

"You are almost a man. You ought not to go about asking people for help when you are able to earn a living by working for it. Can't you find a job of any kind?"

"Yes'm, I was offered a job the other day, but didn't think the pay was big enough. All they would give me was $4.00 a week."

"You could have got $4.00 a week?"

"Yes'm."

"Well, that's a great deal better than nothing. If you could earn as much as that at the beginning and stick to your work faithfully you would be certain to get a raise some day, wouldn't you?"

"Y-yes'm, I guess so. It was in a dynamite factory."—Chicago Tribune.

He Grasped the Situation.

"Did your husband seemed to grasp the situation during the big strike?" asked the walking delegate of Mrs. Hardhed.

"He held on to his job, if that's what you mean," was Mrs. Hardhed's grim response.

And the walking delegate moved on toward more promising friends.—Buffalo Courier.

He Surprised Her.

"My mind wandahs sometimes, doncher know, Miss Bellefield," remarked Mr. Sappy.

"You surprise me!"

"Aw?"

"Yes, I did not know it had ever returned after its first ramble."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

A FRUITLESS ROBBERY.

The Thief Loses the Money He Had Stolen.

An Express Messenger Who Was Imprisoned Two Years Turns Out to be Innocent of the Crime.

"The robbery of the keg of gold that was shipped to French bankers from New York on the steamer La Touraine, and the loss of which was not discovered until the rest of the consignment reached its destination," said Henry T. Cranmer, of St. Louis, to a New York Recorder man recently, "reminds me of the loss of a money package once by the Wells-Fargo Express company on the Northern Pacific road. Between seven and eight thousand dollars in bills were sent by a depositor of Tom Cruse's banking house in Helena, Mont., to a correspondent in St. Louis. The package was placed in the express safe, together with other valuable bundles, and when Omaha was reached where a transfer of the stuff was made, the parcel of bills was missing. An investigation resulted and the express messenger was arrested. He insisted that he was innocent and could not account for the loss. His guilt appeared to be so palpable that every means known outside of processes of the inquisition was used in an attempt to make him make a confession, but without avail. He was sent to the penitentiary for two years, and protested his innocence as vehemently when he came out as he did when he went in. Seven or eight months after the messenger was released the Northern Pacific company decided to change the numerous small trestles along its main stem into culverts. A party of surveyors were making the preliminary measurement of such work and when the axeman was clearing away some underbrush at the side of a small creek one day, so the surveyor could operate his level, he picked up a mildewed package that had evidently been lost from a passing train on the road. Without taking into consideration the express company's labels and seals, which even long exposure had not effaced from the bundle, the surveying party opened it, and there was the long-missing money that had been sent from Helena to St. Louis. The facts were reported, and another investigation was put on foot, with a view of relieving the express messenger from the suspicion that still clung to him. He was informed of the discovery of the money and requested to make some explanation of its loss. He still insisted that he had nothing to do with the loss of the package and knew nothing of it. He said that he had received the safe from the company in Helena and had kept it in the condition in which it was given to him until they reached Omaha. He remembered, however, that another Wells-Fargo man, who had been sent down the road from Helena to meet a car, was in the express car, while it was running near the point where the package was discovered. This man had been promoted to quite a prominent position in one of the Wells-Fargo districts and was immediately charged with being responsible for the loss of the package. When pushed into a corner he confessed that he had used his knowledge of the combination of the safe and had stolen the package and thrown it out of the door of the car after opening the safe, and he naively remarked that he had spent six months looking for it without success. Only powerful friends prevented his prosecution and conviction. It may be said, however, that he did as far as he was financially able to reimburse the messenger who had suffered for his crime, and that the latter was given a better place than he had held before by the express company.

THE SHOCK OF BIG GUNS.

Unpleasant Sensations Produced by Their Reports.

The man who has never been in close proximity to a one hundred-ton gun when it is fired can have little conception of the noise and vibration, said a retired naval officer to a Cincinnati Enquirer reporter. Partly by courtesy and partly by chance I was on the Thunderer at the siege of Alexandria some twelve or thirteen years ago. Two sets of advice were given me as to how to act when the big guns were fired. Old experienced seamen can stand the shock by raising on their toes the moment the word is given to fire. The majority of people, however, find it necessary, in order to preserve their ear drums from perforation, to lie down, resting most of the weight on their hands and toes. Even with this precaution the sensation is most unpleasant until one gets used to it. Even with the comparatively small guns in general use in our navy, the concussion on board a ship when a shot is fired is very annoying, but the enormous guns used so generally in European navies are a source of terrible danger to the crew as well as the enemy, and I doubt if they could possibly be used in a hand-to-hand encounter, useful as they are for destroying distant ports.

ELECTRIC ELEVATORS.

They Are Not Only Signaled, But Started and Stopped by the Lightning Fluid.

There is a vast difference between the latest perfected elevator and the elevator of a few years ago, says the New York Mail and Express. The electric elevator is the latest. The passenger signals it by a teleseme, as the appliance is called by which he presses a button labeled "Take me up" or "take me down," as may be, in response to which a faint buzzing in the car of the conductor of each car, whether there are two or half a dozen, draws his attention to an indicator that shows on what floor the passenger is and which way he wants to go. The first car to pass that floor going his way takes him.

But the most novel point is that electricity is also used in running the cars. The conductor does not pull a steel cable nor grasp a handle as big as the reverse bar of a locomotive. He presses a button and the elevator rushes up, another button and it descends, a third and it stops. Before long the elevator men will be called operators at this rate, and charming young ladies, with fluffy bangs and rings on their fingers, will be doing the work.

A STONE SHIP.

The Mysterious Formation Seen on the Pacific Coast.

The mystery of the strange bark that three ship captains have reported stranded on a reef fifteen miles west of the Straits of Le Maire, with all masts and rigging standing, seems to be solved. A few days ago, says the San Francisco Call, a vessel reached Lodnon and reported having passed within a short distance of the deserted bark, and interest was renewed in the thrice-reported stranded vessel. All agreed in saying it was an iron ship, and most likely of German construction. It was bark rigged, and had black painted portholes. Shipping and insurance men have been trying to determine the name of the wrecked bark, but without success. No vessel of its description should be anywhere in the vicinity of the Horn, and none is overdue at any port that would pass within thousands of miles of the spot.

It is not likely that it could be taken for the Crown of Italy, which ran on a reef in the Straits of Le Maire about two and a half years ago. It was a full-rigged ship, and when it struck most of her masts went by the board. A few days afterward the sea was strewn with wreckage, and nothing was again seen of the wreck. A few days ago the British ship, Cedric the Saxon, arrived in port from Swansea, and it passed close to the spot where the mysterious bark has been seen. Capt. Rees tells a story which further complicates matters. He says the so-called bark is nothing but a rock, although its resemblance to a ship is so striking that he made an entry in his log to the effect that a ship was stranded, with all the rigging intact. He says that he was out fifteen miles when he first saw it, and was sure it was a wreck.

As he approached it he found it was a huge rock sticking out of the water. It was only about half a mile away, but even then its resemblance to a bark with painted ports was so striking that all hands had to be called for an opinion. The puzzle to the sea captains who have rounded the Horn dozens of times is that the strange rock has never been seen before.

GENTLEMAN BROWN.

A Benevolent Dog Who Cared for His Vagrant Brothers.

Brown was simply a large dog, who was so strong, so fearless, so intelligent, and so active in affairs that he was considered the champion of the town. He could thrash any dog round about and always did it when it was necessary.

But he was extremely kind and benevolent. He showed great kindness to tramp dogs and protected many a wretched little vagabond and saw him safely out of the town in a good condition.

One day he brought a specially bad specimen home with him. He came into the house and into the dining-room, where the family were at dinner, the wretched little tramp dog at his heels.

He looked up at his master, wagged his tail, asking for something to eat.

A plate of food was set down and the little dog snatched at it ravenously.

Brown seemed to think that was all right. When the little dog was through he asked for another plateful and had his own dinner.

He kept the little dog for quite awhile, always permitting him to eat first. At night he took the dog into his kennel, himself sleeping on the outside.

He was not at all intimate with the dog, treating him as a visitor, not at any time as a friend. The tramp finally went on his way, strong and well, and as plump and sleek as any dog need be. What was said between these two dogs, both at meeting and parting, would be very interesting to know.

SKILLED IN SOFT PHRASES.

The Honest Tramp Who Had Never Seen Better Days or Better Surroundings.

The tramp, whom the lady of the house had admitted to the kitchen table and was giving a dinner of her own cooking, was such a pleasant-looking fellow that she became quite interested in him. After busying about awhile she ventured into conversation, says the Detroit Free Press.

"You have not always been in this business, have you?" she asked.

"No, madam," he replied briefly.

"Ah, I thought so. You have seen better days, then?"

He looked at the fine piece of pie and big glass of cold milk she set down on the table for him to finish on, and laid down his knife and fork.

"If you mean by better days, madam," he said, "that I have not always been a tramp, I will reply 'Yes,' but if you mean by better days that I have ever had pleasanter surroundings than the present, or that I have surrounded pleasanter things," and he blushed, "I will say emphatically that I have not," and the good woman was so pleased that she almost wanted to take him as a permanent boarder.

Returned to Cannibalism.

The natives of one of the Fiji islands have returned to cannibalism after abstinence from the practice for eighteen years. Times are hard in Fiji and white man's provisions scarce. Christian missionaries have preached with good effect against the disgusting barbarism, but now the missionaries are likely to leave the savages to themselves for a time. It has been discovered that "missionary for dinner" on the Fiji invitation card is more attractive than "missionary at dinner."

Germany's Pigeon Service.

Germany has for years possessed the most efficient pigeon service in Europe. At Strasburg there are six hundred birds, at Metz six hundred, at Thorn one thousand, and they are kept by the hundreds at other centers, such as Mainz, Cologne, Kiel and Danzig. The whole frontier is connected by pigeon post with the military headquarters and with towns in the interior. The service is supported by an appropriation of about nine thousand dollars a year. The practical use of the pigeon post was fully demonstrated at the siege of Paris in 1870. Since then it has become a recognized part of the military organization of all European countries except Great Britain. Russia has now on her Polish frontier alone three thousand birds, and appropriates yearly ten thousand dollars for pigeons. The French appropriation is twice as large.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCES.

Men of Prominence Who Suddenly Drop Out of Sight.

There appears to be a singular increase, in late years, in the number of people moving in the higher walks of life, occupying civil positions of prominence, and enjoying rare social distinction, who suddenly disappear under circumstances that baffle all ordinary efforts to account for. Without known reason or ascertainable cause they vanish from mortal ken and, stranger yet, leave no trace. E. A. Osborne, M. D. writes in the Chautauquan of these mysterious disappearances and the attendant lapses of identity in the missing ones, giving several instances that came under his own observation. He says:

From the more reliable statistics available they seem to be as common, per ratio of population, in one section as in another, as frequent in one season as another, and erratically to avoid anything like a rule of procedure beyond the one prime propelling impulse to step out and be gone. Herein lies an undefinable mystery and an unmeasurable danger, for until we know just how and why this subtle psychological force arises, there can be no sense of security felt by any individual as a personal immunity from this strange and powerful, all powerful it would seem, propelling force. In the selection of victims the educated and illiterate, the sick and the well, the strong and the infirm, the rich and the poor, the man of brains and the man of brawn, the occupant of the palatial residence and the dweller in the hut are all treated with rare indiscrimination.

Let us suppose for the sake of explanation that we accept the theory of every person's being actuated by a double consciousness, a twin self, which, when the organization is in a state of normal, healthy equipoise, harmoniously dominates all the acts which characterize us, just as in health and in physiological balance our two eyes see as one, our ears hear as one, or our double brain so nicely conjoined, reasons, receives impressions, transfers them into sensations, and directs the operations of the complex nervous system, in all acting, essentially, as one brain.

We are now ready to believe that circumstances may arise so to influence our conscious quality, that the one shall be influenced more than the other and in turn produce such an errantry, such a type of vagarious personality, as the individual originally might never be accused of possessing or know himself that he possessed.

ASSAULTED HIS DUDE SON.

An Aged Darky Says His Son Is Poorer Trash Than Existed "Befo' de Wah."

A white-haired Virginia negro, Isaiah Dorsey, whose thrift and good character many years ago won him not only his freedom but a white wife, appeared before Justice McMahon in the Yorkville police court the other day in answer to a summons issued at the request of his son, Albert C. Dorsey, twenty-three years old, who complained that his father had whipped him twice during the week, the more recent chastisement partaking of the nature of a clubbing, says the New York Post. Young Dorsey, clad in figured waistcoat, brilliant tie, and generally striking attire, told the judge very coolly of his father's violence, and rather sneeringly said that "the old man does not know how to behave." At this the father, trembling with anger, broke out as follows:

"Judge, dat 'ere dude trash standin' dere wif his good cho's says I 'saulted an' beat him. I did, sah. He says I don' know how to behave. Pr'aps I don', sah. But I know dat dat 'ere cologne-smellin' dude don' do nuffin to help his mother or me. I bin aworkin' my hands off for him, and his mother's done de same thing. His mother's done pawned her watch an' her dresses to gib him money. He's done nuffin but drink it away. An' when he done earned some money las' week an I made him gib some to his mother and he objected, I jes' whaled him—like my ole massa used to whale me. An' if he don' do as he ought by his mother I'll whale him again, sah!"

Justice McMahon finally succeeded in convincing the father that it would be safer for him not to take the law into his own hands, and on his agreeing to let his son alone Dorsey was allowed to go home. As he went out he muttered back to the judge: "Dat ere duck's poorer trash den anything dat used to liv' in ole Virginy befo' de wah!"

PAPER HORSESHOES.

They Are Helpful to Cavalry Horses on Long Marches.

When paper horseshoes were first introduced into the cavalry service of the German army a few years ago they excited a good deal of interest. Several cavalry horses were first shod with the paper shoes and the effect observed. It was found, says the Chicago Herald, that not only did the lightness and elasticity of the shoe help the horse on the march, making it possible for him to travel faster and farther without fatigue than horses shod with iron, but that the paper shoe had the property of being unaffected by water and other liquids. These new sheets of paper are pressed closely together, one above another, and rendered impervious to the moisture by the application of oil of turpentine. The sheets are glued together by a sort of paste composed of turpentine, whiting, gum and linseed oil, and then submitted to a powerful hydraulic pressure. Paper horseshoes are also made by grinding up the paper into a mass, combining it with turpentine, sand, gum, litharge and certain other substances, pressing it and afterward drying it. But these shoes are less tough and elastic than those made of thin sheets of paper laid one upon another. These shoes are fastened to the horse's feet either by means of nails or with a kind of glue made of coal tar and caoutchouc.

He Was Too Easy.

Chief-Justice Richardson, of New Hampshire, was ready to abandon one of his own rulings, if argument had convinced him that it was not tenable—a readiness not relished by some lawyers. That great lawyer, Jeremiah Mason, was once pressing a point on the judge with his usual force. "Brother Mason," said the judge, "the impression of the court is in your favor." "Yes," retorted Mason, "but I want your honor to *stick!*"

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - OCTOBER 19, 1894.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
WILLIAM M. SINGERLY,
of Philadelphia.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN S. RILLING,
of Erie.

For Auditor General,
DAVID F. MAGEE,
of Lancaster.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
WALTER W. GREENLAND,
of Clarion.

For Congress at Large,
THOMAS COLLINS, of Centre.
HENRY S. MYERS, of Allegheny.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Congress,
THOMAS J. BURKE, of Altoona.

For Sheriff,
ROBERT H. NIXON,
of Johnstown.

For Assembly,
J. B. DENNY,
of Ebensburg.
JOHN RICKETTS,
Reade township.

For Poor Director,
JAMES FLINN,
of Johnstown.

For Jury Commissioner,
ANSELM WEAKLAND,
of Carroll township.

A DISPATCH from Ellwood, Indiana, October 9, says: "The mills were started up at the American tinplate factory last night, and President Leeds has informed the men that there will be no reduction in wages. It is announcements of this kind from the North, South, East and West that knock the stuffing out of calamity orations.

AMID a cloud of fire, steam and hot ashes, five men were hurled to death and seven others injured by a boiler explosion in Henry Clay Colliery Shamokin, Pa., Thursday morning of last week. A nest of 27 boilers blew up, demolishing the engine house, entailing a loss ranging from $50,000 to $60,000, and throwing idle 1000 men and boys.

THE demand for Columbian silver half dollars is far beyond the expectation of treasury officials. The indications now are that the supply will fall far short of the demand. At the sub-treasury in New York $50,000 in these coins were exchanged for gold during the last three days they were on sale. The demand in Washington is also unexpectedly heavy.

HE is a unique sort of patriot who denies the return of prosperity and insists that his country is helpless before every other country in the world. He is a queer sort of a statesman who insists that the way to make a change in the national administration is to elect him governor of his state. That is the kind of statesman and patriot that is asking the support of the people in Pennsylvania. Why should he have it?

THE Louisiana sugar planters who have deserted the Democratic party and gone over to the Republicans because a Democratic congress abolished the sugar bounty, say that they were opposed to the sugar bounty, but having been forced on them, they are opposed to any party that would take it away from them. In other words, they were horrified at the idea of being debauched, but having been debauched, they turn their backs on any party, which won't debauch them and flee to the only party which has ever debauched them. The more people of this kind the Democratic party loses the worthier it is of public confidence.

THE October returns to the statistician of the department of agriculture make the general condition of corn as not materially differing from that of last month, it being 64 2 against 63.4 in September, a gain of eight-tenths of one point. The returns of yield per acre of wheat indicate a production of about 13.3 bushels greater than last October's preliminary estimate.

The returns of yield of oats per acre after consolidation indicate a yield of 24.5 bushels, being one bushel more than the estimate for last October. The average yield per acre is 13.7 bushels against 13.3 bushels of 1893 and 12.7 bushels in 1892. According to the returns on yield per acre the general average for barley is 19.3 bushels against 21.7 bushels in 1893 and 23.7 bushels in 1892. The condition of buckwheat is 72.0 against 69. 1 last month and 73.5 October 1, 1893. The October condition of potatoes is 64,3 against 62.4 last month and 71.2 at the same lime last year. The conditiou of tobacco is 84.5 against 74.5 last month and 74.1 October 1, 1893,

THE McKinleyites, says the Pittsburg *Post*, who are denouncing Congressman Wilson for what he didn't say in London have probably forgotten that when General Grant was on his grand tour around the world he also made speeches in England in recognition of precisely such civilities as were extended to Chairman Wilson. Probably they have forgotten that in an address in Birmingham, October 17, 1877 (as recorded by John Russell Young), General Grant made the following remarks in the nature of prophecy:

"I think we are rapidly progressing in the way of establishing manufactories ourselves, and I believe we shall become one of the greatest free trade nations on the face of the earth; and when we both come to be free traders I think that probably the balance of nations had better stand aside, and not contend with us at all in the markets of the world."

We tremble to think how General Grant would have been placarded as unpatriotic and a cringing slave of Britain had McKinley got hold of this speech, with his facility in garbling, in a canvass where he was preaching his twice rejected trust tariff was the essence of all true Americanism. Grant would certainly have gone alongside of Arnold.

THE following is a brief sketch of the history of John Ricketts, one of the nominees of the Democracy of this county for assembly.

John Ricketts was born on a farm forty-five years ago near Utahville Clearfield county Pennsylvania of a poor, but honest parents, who are living yet. He is a decendant of Captain Ed. Ricketts, who was the first settler in Clearfield county and, consequently, is a blood relative of Colonel R Bruce Ricketts, of Wilkesbarre, who was nominated by the Democratic party for Lieutenant Governor, of Pennsylvania, with Chauncey Black.

John was considered a good business man when only sixteenyears of age. At that early age he took contracts in the lumber camp of stocking in logs and square timber; he was the eldest son of fourteen of a family and was his father's standard bearer, working on his father farm in the summer and in the lumber camp in the winter, and when about twenty-two years of age he got married and settled in Reade township, this county, on a farm where he now lives. As he always had a great taste for farming he took it up for a life work making sheep raising rather a specialty and as a farmer, is classed among the best. As to his farm all things considered is fitted out second to none in that part of the county.

When Reade township was first organized Mr. Ricketts was elected a member of the first school board was chosen as president of that body the second year, and afterwards was elected assessor of his township and has been chosen almost continuously by his party as county committeeman from his district. We do not think the Democratic party could have made a better choice in the north of the county, as he has worked hard all his life and knows through experience the wants and the wishes of the common people especially the farmers. While he is not a graduate of any college yet he managed to get a fair common school education (he says he graduated in the university of hard knocks) and is an every day reader, keeps right up with the times and has always took a live interest in local institutes and education and is considered hard to down in debate.

Being of a self reliant disposition he does not belong to any organization in existance save the Democratic party. While every man has his enemies yet John has hosts of friends who pulled him right away from the plow handles and thrust the honors of the nomina upon him. It is a clear case where the nomination sought the man instead of the man seeking the nomination, because they know him to be an energetic honest sober man, who is to be found almost every day on the farm attending to his own business and is always willing to accomodate a neighbor even at the dead hours of midnight. He is a man among men and every man in Cambria county, who has to work for a living should not forget John when they come to cast their vote.

IN a speech at Charleston W. Va., Congressman Wilson, gave the following as good Democratic doctrine and drew the picture of the results to follow the wise action of the party in reducing taxation.

"To deprive any citizen of the fruits of his own toil by unjust taxation is robbery. To deprive him of the opportunity to toil for his living is still worse robbery. We have reached a stage in our development where the great need, the absolute necessity, of the American farmer and laborer is larger markets for what he produces. Our capacity for producing has far outstripped our own power of consuming. For a surplus of farm products or of manufactured goods there is but one healthy safety valve, and that is commerce. Without that safety valve there is distress and suffocation. Without buyers for our products there is no employment and scant wages for labor. These are simple truths, but they are for most American workingmen tremendous truths, for they control their welfare and decide their condition in life.

"American industry is to day, thanks to the recent action of the Democratic party, about to enter, is already entering, upon a new era. Its worst fetters are broken. The dawn of a new day is lighting its horizon. The signs of a business revival are unmistakable, not, let us hope, by any sudden and unhealthy expansion, which will speedily break down again, but by the steady growth that carries no reaction with it."

IN the trade letter of a prominent firm the following interesting announcement appears:

One year ago, under the McKinley law, the refiners received $2 per barrel more profit on granulated sugar than they are receiving to-day—a difference to the sugar trust and other refiners of $60,000 per day, and which must necessarily be saved the consumer. This condition is the truth, and is no theory. It will pay you to bear these few truths in mind.

The Democratic tariff legislation, though it put a duty on raw sugar, cut the claws of the sugar trust to the extent of $60,000 per day. So much of the sugar tax as goes into the federal treasury only represents money which, if there had been no sugar tax would have to be raised by taxing something else. What odds whether pensions and other governments expenditures be raised from one commodity or another, so that every dollar taken from the consumer goes to defray proper charges instead of being distributed to private and special favorites?

AT Newcastle one night last week where all the iron mills have started up and are running to their full capacity, General Hastings made his usual calamity speech in which he pictures everything as going to destruction since the passage of the Wilson bill. It is a great drawback to the calamity howlers that business revival can not be held back until after the election.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 13, 1894.—The administration will be represented at the Batavia, N.Y., celebration of the centennial of the Holland land office, which was the beginning of the public land system of the United States, by no less than five members of the cabinet. Secretary Carlisle will be the orator of the occasion, his subject being Robert Morris, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, a revolutinary Secretary of the Treasury, and the originator of our public land system. The administration party left here to-day, accompanied by the ladies of their families, and will return early next week. While there is nothing political about this trip the opportunitay that it will give the members of the cabinet to let the prominent New York Democrats they will meet understand how deeply interested the administration is in the election of Senator Hill will certainly be fully taken advantage of.

The nomination of an independent Democratic candidate for governor of New York has no supporter in the cabinet, and if there is a single Democrat in Washington who does not condemn the movement he has kept so quiet that nobody has heard of him. Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Democratic Congressional Campaign committee, who has just returned from New York, says Democratic prospects are improving every day in that state and that he now regards Senator Hill's election as a certainty.

The annual renovation of the White House is complete and that portion of the building to which visitors are admitted is open for the first time since the latter part of August. The date for the return of Prsident Cleveland and his family has not been definitely fixed, but it will probably be within the next ten days.

Above the roaring of the Republican bluffers and calamity howler is heard the clear notes of Democratic predictions of victory. Here's one, sounded by Capt. J. I. Crutcher, U. S. Marshal of Idaho, which indicates the gain of a state and of a U. S. senator: "If Idaho doesn't swing into the Democratic column this year," said Capt. Crutcher, now in Washington," I shall never more essay the role of a political prophet. I believe the state is going Democratic all the way through, but as to the election of the Democratic candidate for governor there is hardly any doubt. There is more than an even chance that the Democrats and Populists will control the next legislature, which means a Democrat as the successor of Senator Shoup.

Ex-Secretory Whitney has always been very popular with Democrats and he has become more popular than ever since he wrote that ringing letter in favor of Democratic harmony and the election of Senator Hill to be governor of New York.

At the headquarters of the Democratic congressional committee Mr. Whitney's letter is regarded as a rattling campaign document, not only in New York but everywhere else, as the arguments he uses are in the main equally applicable elsewhere. It is believed that it will exercise great influence with those Democrats who have been making the mistake of allowing their personal animosities to injure the party to which they belong and to which they are still devoted.

There are several reasons for the belief that the recent cablegrams which have been published intimating that Germany intended to retaliate upon the United states because of the discriminating duty that is placed upon German sugar by the new tariff, by restoring the prohibitory regulations concerning the importation of American pork and by other methods, are inspired by the Republican managers of the congressional campaign, solely for present political use. As a matter of fact, the conference committee on the tariff bill agreed without division to strike out the discriminating duty on sugars from countries which pay an export bounty on sugar, and it was only because of the peculiar circumstances which caused the bill as it passed the senate to became a law that the clause was not struck out in accordance with the committee agreement. It is generally conceded that the discriminating duty is unjust, both to Austria and to Germany, and as generally believed that it will be repealed at the coming session of congress. These things are as well known to the German government as to our own; hence it is folly to suppose that it is thinking of retaliation for what is merely a temporary objection. But the publications show that the Republicans are leaving no stone unturned in their efforts to bamboozle the voters.

The news received by the congressional campaign committee, this week, has been very favorable, some of it unexpectedly so. The candidates in several districts which for one or another reason had been considered as certain to be lost, have reported them as certain to be carried by the Democrats.

Her Nerve Failed Her.

Clarkville, Tex., October 15.—Henry Dyke was shot dead at his door yesterday by Andrew Jackson, who had fired the house to lure his victim out. Jackson was run down and captured, when Mrs. Dyke asked the posse to let her shoot the assaasin. She was handed a double-barreled ahotgun loaded and cocked. She raised the gun to her face, took aim, hesitated, and, lowering the gun, asked that the law be alllowed to take its course. The party started for the county jail with the prisoner, but were overtaken by a mob. A rope was placed around the prisoner's neck, but as the mob was about to hang him the sheriff and his deputies dashed up, took the prisoner and hurried him to jail.

Bullets Fly in a Church.

York, Pa., October 15.—With a jug of cider in one hand, and a repeating rifle in the other, William Pattison, an escaped madman from the Harrisburg asylum, entered Mount Olivet church yesterday and threw the congregation of 97 persons into a panic, by firing right and left.

No one dared approach the maniac and he aimed his bullets at windows, pulpit, stoves and pews, firing in all 28 shots. Men, women and children sought safety in flight. Officer Shenk captured Pattison a few hours later and brought him to this place, where he is now locked up.

Cupid Moves in Circles.

Jeffersonville, Ind., October 15.—Philip Stutz, a farmer of this county, and his wife, Mary, have had a remarkable matrimonial career. Being lovers in childhood they were early married, but failing to agree, were divorced. After a few years they came together and were married. Again were they divorced and remarried, and even again did they secure a divorce, and last week were remarried at New Albany, thus being three times divorced and remarried. They declare their intention of separating no more.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Investing His Money.

Rochester, N. Y. Oct. 12.—John Demine a gray haired farmer of Pultneyville, is here looking for the woman he married a few weeks ago and $2,000 she got him to draw from the bank for her.

A week ago the wife, whose maiden name, Demine says was Mary Waltz, introduced to her husband a man of her own age who came from this city and who was, she said, an old school friend. Demine was not pleased when the man brought his trunk and prepared to stay a while, but made no protest.

Soon Mrs. Demine explained that her old school friend was a great business man, and he had told her that the bank at Palmyra, in which Mr. Demine had $2,000, was not safe. Would he draw out the money, and let her friend invest it in Rochester?

All three went to Palmyra, and the money was drawn and given to the school friend, who took Mrs. Demine along to help invest the money. From the car Mrs. Demine waved her hand to her husband and said: Good-by you gray-haired freak; maybe you won't see us for some time."

Traded Wives.

Anderson, Ind., October 15.—A strange case of wife trading is revealed by the granting of a divorce to Mrs. H. Smith from Rev. Dr. Smith, well known throughout Indiana. Two years ago, while preaching at Winchester, Rev. Mr. Smith, it is said, became infatuated with Mr. Fred Helm, a member of his congregation. She became infatuated with him.

Mr. Helm then fell in love with Mrs. Smith, and the result was a trade in wives that raised a commotion and necessitated Mr. Smith's retirement from the pulpit. All four persons involved moved to this city, where two applications for divorce were filed one year ago. The petitions were not granted. Smith and Mrs. Helm are in Ohio, where he is preaching.

Hurricane in San Domingo.

New York, October 13.—The hurricane that passed over the Island of San Domingo on the night of September 21st did considerable damage, especially at the capital.

Many houses were unroofed and the streets and cellars flooded. The poor suffered greatly.

The surrounding sugar estates were much injured by the storm, especially the Lafe and Francia, the former being damaged to the amount of $25,000. Not a single sugar estate escaped.

Several small coasting vessels suffered, four being lost. On one vessel bound from San Domingo to Sanchez, eleven persons lost their lives, including a German family of five—mother and four children.

Czar Losing Strength.

St. Petersburg, October 16.—This bulletin, signed by Prof. Leyden, Drs. Zaccharin, Popoff and Beljaminoff, was issued to day: "The disease of the kidneys shows no improvement. His majesty's strength has diminished. The physicians hope the climate of the south coast of the Crimea will have a beneficial effect on his health."

Berlin, October 17.—A Copenhagen paper publishes, under reserve, a statement that the czar intends to change the succession, and appoint his third son, Grand Duke Michael heir to the throne, owing to the czarwitch's political views, and to the fact the illness of his second son, Grand Duke George, precludes his succession.

Lynched in Kentucky.

Princeton, Ky., October 15.—Willis Griffey, the rape fiend confined in jail here, was lynched last night by a mob. They went to the jail and demanded the keys, which were refused them. Pushing the jailer aside, they searched the house and found him. In the cell of Griffey a struggle ensued but he was overcome, taken out and placed in a covered hack and then the procession started out the Cadiz road. The mob wore no masks and were strangers to the jailor. The negro was hanged to a beech tree, three miles from here. The body was horribly mutilaied and perforated with bullets. The leader of the mob was barely in his teens.

Perishes in the Flames.

Washington, Pa., October 11.—This morning during the momentary absence of Mr. and Mrs. Allen Mowl from their residence in West Bethlehem township, the house caught fire: Mowl ran in to save his five months' old child which was sleeping in a cradle. The cradle was carried out, but the infant was not in it. It is supposed that in his excitement the baby was dropped from the cradle.

The house and contents were consumed but no trace of the infant's body can be found. The father was badly burned in his effort to save his child and cannot recover.

Married at Ninety-Six.

The oldest bride and groom in West Virginia are Mr. and Mrs. John Shilling. Mr. Shilling is in his 96th, year, while the blushing bride, Miss Ruth Sears, is over 71. They both live on Sugar Loaf Mountain, Grant county, and have known each other for sixty years. They "courted" fifty-four years before making up their minds. The wedding took place at Zion church, Sunday week, and the ceremony was performed by Rev. Randall. Before the marriage cermony the bride and groom were both baptised and admitted into the church.

A Boiler Lets Go.

Carey, O., October 16.—The boiler in the planing mill of Henry Waters blew up this morning. The explosion was so terrific that the concussion was felt over a mile distant. A part of the boiler was thrown 500 feet. Solomon Sterling the engineer was dug from under a heap of debris. He is badly cut and bruised and cannot live. Jack Green was thrown 20 feet in the air and had his left leg torn off and his head badly cut. Samuel Bechtel had his head cut. There were a number of narrow escapes.

THE war departmentf having become satisfied that the policy of charging army officers with the duties of Indian agents has worked to the detriment of the service, is relieving the officers already detailed for this work as fast as the Indian bureau is able to furnish civilian agents to fill the places.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—In a fight between Mexican laborers on a plantation near Tuxpan, Mex., four of the participants were killed.

—About half the looms in the Fall River (Mass.) mills started up on Monday. Some of the weavers are still on a strike.

—A Polish woman named Blacklacki at Edwardsville, Luzerne county, carried her dead infant in her arms several days.

—Eight inmates of a Boston tenement house jumped to escape the flames. Two were killed and two mortally injured.

—In a barbecue fracas near Van Buren, O., George Truitt fractured Casey Hensey's skull and was in turn disemboweled.

—The marriage of the Czarevitch is to take place early next month, it is reported, in order that he may be wedded before the Czar dies.

—Robert Howard, the Fall River labor dealer, was nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Thirteenth Massachusetts district.

—Tar and feather coats were given Elders Freeman and Mercer, Mormon missionaries, by indignant citizens of Centretown, Ky.

—At Easton Saturday a plunge of 150 down the shaft of the Saylorsburgh brick works resulted in the instant death of Henry Kresge.

—Venezuela has given the British lion's tail a twist by occupying with troops the gold mining region of the Cuyuni, which John Bull claims.

—Corbett and Fitzsimmons are practically matched. They are to fight before the Florida A. C. for a purse of $41,000 after July 1, 1895.

—Mrs. McClure and daughter Maggie were fatally burned at Yellow Springs by the explosion of a gasoline stove. Their house caught fire.

—Attempting to capture an infuriated elk, escaped from the city park, Richmond, Ind., Lewis Lossonkemper was probably fatally gored.

—Throwing a kettle of scalding water at his wife, Martin Klosky, of Philadelph, threw the boiling water over his baby instead and badly scalded it.

—At Greensburg, Sol Shuster and John McElfresh have been arrested, being alleged accomplices of Calvin Crisman, charged with horse stealing.

—Secretary Carlisle has decided that Levi P. Morton's under coachman, John James Howard, will have to be deported as an alien contract laborer.

—The Baltimore & Ohio road is to spend $150,000 on improvements between Pittsburg and Connellsville, which includes a four tracked bridge at Turtle Creek.

—Ross Sheeder, of Kearney, was arrested by Detective Beegle Monday night, charged by W. C. Woods, of the secret service, with passing counterfeit money.

—At Ashbourne recently a negro kicked a boy named James McOreany. The blow sent a fractured rib through the boy's lung and he died Saturday. The negro is in custody.

—While clearing away the debris of the burned Cleveland foundry works, about a dozen men were buried beneath a wall which had been left standing after the large fire. Several were severely injured, but none were killed outright.

—A mad steer, taking refuge in the Pavonia avenue ferryboat entrance at Jersey City, horned a negro and for 20 minutes prevented the landing of two boats loaded with passengers. The gates were finally opened and the steer plunged into the water and swam off.

—As a rusult of soaped rails a train on the West Mountain narrow guage road, near Scranton, come down the mountain at terrific speed Saturday. Finally it jumped the track, the engine and cars piling up in a wreck. Both engineer and brakeman were seriously injured.

—E. T. Hand, president of the Kildare high school, shot four holes through Geo. F. Rober, formerly mayor of Arkansas City, Kan., near Perry, O. T., on Saturday. Rober died instantly. Both men were contestants for the same piece of land, and the killing was a result of a quarrel over it. After killing Rober, Hand started to give himself up to the officers and became violently insane. Both men were prominent.

—A horrible triple murder and suicide occurred near Elizabeth, N. J., on Sunday. Mrs. Thomas Harrigan, aged 30 years, living on Grier avenue, in the suburbs, took their three children, aged 5 and 3 years and 6 months, and huddling them close to her in the haymow, set fire to the hay. The mother and the children were burned to death, and the charred bodies of all were found in the ruins. The little ones perished in their mothers arms. Mrs. Harrigan is believed to have been insane.

The Pittsburg Exposition.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Oct. 8.—The Pittsburg Exposition is rapidly drawing to a close and a few more days it will be a thing of the past. The closing date is Oct. 20, and those of our readers who have not yet visited this magnificent exhibition of the world's products should call at once. The large crowds in attendance daily indicates there will be a crush in the last few days.

The Pittsburg daily press are a unit in declaring this season's exposition larger and better than any of its predecessors, and the public has shown their faith in this by liberal patronage. Hundreds and thousands of people visit the buildings three and four times a week, and there are so many new attractions that the people want to see them again and again. Last week the total attendance was close to the 100,000 mark. This breaks all records.

One of the most interesting new exhibits is the Empire Type Setting Machine which sets up a daily paper printed in the Exposition. It is the only machine of its kind in Pittsburgh, and its work has been the wonder of the year. It differs from other machines in that it requires two men to operate it, but they will set 10,000 ems per hour, which is a phenomenal feat in type setting. One man sets the type while another justifies it. To give all the newspaper men within a radius of 150 miles of Pittsburg a chance to see the machine in operation Managing Director Keating has set apart Thursday, October 11th, as "News paper Day." Every person interested in newspapers is invited to come on that day and see the wonders of the Exposition.

The wonderful spectacular performances of Innes' New York Band are the talk of Pittsburg. The music is alone worth a trip to the Exposition. As adjuncts to his 65 performers Mr. Innes has a battery of two inch breech loading cannon, a dozen musical anvils, an anvil chorus and 60 tuned anvil beaters. In addition to this there is the Exposition Choral Society of 334 voices. One cannot listen to the crash of music, the roar of artillery, the lusty lungs of the chorus, see the flaming forges and hear the beating of the glittering anvils without being thrilled and impressed with the awesomeness of the occasion.

The lovers of art will find no collection of paintings better than those to be found in the Exposition art gallery. Chief among them is Munkacsy's $44,000 painting of the dying Mozart, the great musical composer. It occupies the whole of the stage and seems to be a "living picture." It is owned by Gen. Russell A. Alger, of Michigan, and loaned by him to the Exposition. Two other paintings that have a world wide reputation and have taken prizes at Exhibitions, are Hovenden's "Breaking Home Ties" and "Bringing Home the Bride." They are valued at $40,000 each and have created a sensation in Pittsburg. The other paintings number between two and three hundred and nearly all are "masters." Many of the pictures have been exhibited at the World's Fair.

Thousands of out of town people visited the Exposition this week. All the railroads offer excursion rates which are very low and include free ticket of admission to the buildings and grounds. The admission ticket is good for everything and there is no extra expense. There is something to interest everyone. The farmer will find much to amuse and claim his attention in mechanical hall where all the newest and latest farming implements are to be found. The wife and daughter will revel in displays of dress goods, millinery etc., the like of which they never saw before, and the children will be amused and entertained on the merry-go-round. A pleasant side excursion is the river excursion to Davis Island Dam and return.

Remember the closing date is October 20, and nobody should miss the opportunity to come early before it is too late.

They'll Tell

More than half that might be told, buttery, you'll write our Mail Order Department for samples of our superb lines of

Dress Goods, Silks and Suitings.

They'll tell you enough to cause you to declare as did a mail order patron this week:

"The samples you sent me are better in quality and price than those received from any other house. I enclose," etc.—

This, verbatim, from a letter just received, is but the expression of numbers coming daily from every section of the country. The leading markets of the world have added their quota in making this Fall and Winter 1894 and '95 display the largest, choicest, most comprehensive collection of DRESS GOODS and SUITINGS we believe ever submitted for critical inspection in Western Pennsylvania—everything that's stylish new and up-to-date is here at prices never so low.

New Check Suitings,

in five different colorings, newest combinations, all wool—44 inches wide.
75 cents a yard.

NEW ZIG-ZAG CHECK SUITINGS,

12 different colorings—48 inches wide.
75 cents a yard.

Simply no end to variety in assortments of all-wool and silk and wool Dress Goods and Suitings at 85c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 up to $4.50 per yard—which includes both American and Imported fabrics.

Nine hundred pieces all-wool 50-cent

LADIES' CLOTH,

Choice color mixtures—never such value shown in such wide, all-wool cloth at price—50 inches wide,
35 cents a yard.

Two-toned, self-colored

PLAID SUITINGS,

All-wool—7 different colorings, extra wide, 41 inches. Their equal may have been offered at double the price but never at
15 cents a yard.

If you can't come, write for our Illustrated Fall and Winter 1894 and '95 Catalogue, FREE. Twill help you out immensely in your ordering by mail. You'll be astonished to find how easily shopping by mail can be accomplished.

BOGGS & BUHL,
Allegheny, Pa.

Your Watch Insured Free.

A perfect insurance against theft or accident is the now famous

Non-pull-out

BOW,

the only bow (ring) which cannot be pulled or wrenched from the case. Can only be had on cases containing this trade mark.

—MADE BY—
Keystone Watch Case Company, of Philadelphia.

the oldest, largest, and most complete Watch Case factory in the world—1500 employees; 2000 Watch Cases daily.

One of its products is the celebrated

Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases

which are just as good as solid cases, and cost about one half less.

Sold by all jewelers, without extra charge for Non-pull-out bow. **The manufacturers will send you a watch case opener free.**

$40.00 PER WEEK FOR WILLING WORKERS

of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

H. HALLETT & CO.,
Box 880,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

Reliability

The Most Reliable Whiskey on the Market

And Indorsed

By Physicians and used in Leading Hospitals, Hotels, Dining and Buffet Cars, are

Klein's Silver Age,
Duquesne,
Bear Creek,
Pennsylvania Rye
Whiskies.

Ask your dealer for them and take no substitute. For sale everywhere.

feb23,94ly

1794. 1894.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

F. X. FEES'

Shaving Parlor,

Main Street, Near Post Office

☞The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Main street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean.

Your patronage solicited.

F. X. FEES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following application for the transfer of liquor license has been filed in the office of the Clerk of Court of Quarter sessions for Cambria county and that the same will be presented to the 2nd Court for its consideration on Monday, October 29th, 1894:

Petition of Simon B. King for the transfer of the license granted to G. B. Brandon in the borough of Spangler.

J. C. DARBY,
Oct. 12, 1894. Clerk Q. S.

HAZARDOUS HAYING.

On Alpine Heights Where Goats and Sheep Fear to Tread.

Fawny Swiss Maids Fine Dress in Mode.

Increase Your Attendance

To our Fall Stock of Dress Goods, Millinery, Notions, Cloaks, &c., which is now Complete, and Prices Lower than ever before.

OUR COAT STOCK

Comprises a Full New Line of Ladies' and Children's Coats, and Ladies' Fur Capes.

In addition to these we have carried from last season some

VERY DESIRABLE COATS

which will be sold at a sacrifice in order to close them out.

These Coats are

A BARGAIN

and well worthy of your inspection.

Mrs. R. E. Jones.

Men's Fall Clothing

FALL

SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

Cassimers, Cheviots, Clays, Homespuns, Diagonals, Serge Twills, Tweeds, Flannels

All the new shapes of Sacks, Cataways, Regents and Prince Alberts. A perfect fit and reliable workmanship.

$7, $9, $10, $15 and $18.

Children's Suits, 4 to 14, 75c., 90c., $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00.

A Grand Exhibit of Boys' Clothing—new and lovely styles for Fall. Buy your own and your Children's Hats of us. We guarantee you a positive saving of 25 per cent.

JOHN McCONNELL

1300 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING

LARGEST STOCK! FINEST GOODS! LOWEST PRICES!

IN CAMBRIA COUNTY!

Our new Fall Stock will surprise all who see it by the extensive variety it offers in every line of goods which we carry. We will sell you fine Overcoats and Clothing at prices much lower than ever before. We have all the new styles in Hats. Our stock of Winter Underwear and Gents' Furnishings is immense.

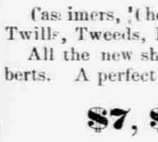
It will pay you to come twenty-five miles to buy Clothing from us. Call and examine our goods and you will be convinced we can save you money.

C. A. SHARBAUGH,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.

$11.00



No. 37, Surrey Harness.

$37.50

No. 7856, Top Buggy.

43.00

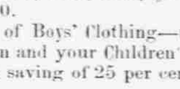
No. 4, Farm Wagon.

Have sold to consumers for 21 years, saving them the dealer's profits. We are the Oldest and Largest manufacturers in America selling Vehicles and Harness this way, with privilege to examine before any money is paid. We pay freight on all ways if not satisfactory. Warrant for 2 years. Write for our 1894 Buggy Book, free. We take all risk of damage in shipment.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Spring Wagons, $31 to $50. Separate seats, $5 to $10. Top Carriages, $65 to $100. Surreys, $65 to $100. Top Buggies, $57.50, all to seat 2. Extension Top Buggies, $67.50 to $75. Farm Wagons, Wagonettes, Milk Wagons, Delivery Wagons and Road Carts. Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Robes & Blankets.

$3.50

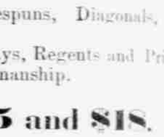


No. 1, Farm Harness.

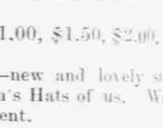
Our Harness are well made. Manufacturer's Prices.

Single, $6 to $20
Double, $12 to $35
Farm, $16 to $25.50.

RIDING SADDLES and FLY NETS.



$75



$55

Elkhart Buggy Co.

2 percent. off for cash with order. Send 4c. in stamps to pay postage on 112-page catalogue.

Address W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

Ely's Cream Balm
THE CURE FOR CATARRH HAY-FEVER AND COLD IN HEAD

Ely's Cream Balm is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into the nostrils it is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head, allays inflammation, heals the sores. Sold by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price.

50c ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street NEW YORK. 50c

Park Institute

204 NORTH AVENUE, ALLEGHENY, PA. Established as part of the Western University of Pa. The most Complete and Best Equipped English Commercial, and Short-hand School in the State. Students of both sexes admitted at any time. The latest Catalogue and Journal containing full information sent free to any address.

W. B. ROWAN, Secretary. sep28 4 LEVI LUDDEN, Ph. D., President.

The Freeman, $1.50 a Year.

...oria :
...ished 9, 1894.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

...selling at $1.50 per bush-

...brought home a wild tur-

...Lindsey, of Lilly, was a visi-
...on Tuesday.

...of St. Augustine, spent
...on Tuesday.

...A. Luther, of Carroll
...to see us on Tuesday.

...M. Bennett has been installed
...Cresson Presbyterian

...a hail storm on Saturday af-
...tall of snow on Sun-

...one of White town-
...was a visitor to Eb-

...McDonald, of this place, will
...Saturday next where
...couple of weeks.

...ing ad of the Econo-
...Clothing House of Car-
...FREEMAN.

...and John G. C. Bearer,
...enterprising citizens,
...on Tuesday.

...Elhon, while ma-
...on Friday of last
...from his right hand.

...A. Shoemaker, the foundry
...situated up on Centre
...carry a full line of all

...night a cow got into
...Cresswell and as a re-
...home raised sauerkraut
...smiled.

...searching house of
...Somerset, con-
...Altoona, last Thurs-
...Pittsburg. The bags
...in all 225½ bushels.

...holder is getting rich
...The consumer pays
...he ever did. One
...for another man's

...daughter of the
...Elizabeth Tibbott, all
...of this place, died in
...Easter on the 6th inst, aged

...there the geologist, is on
...and up at the house of
...in this place, where he
...been boarding for

...of the East ward, who
...ever, is in a critical
...by his advanced age
...hopes are entertained

...Noone, the Democratic
...was in town on Wed-
...shaking hands with his
...Mr. Noone is a pop-
...and will poll a large vote.

...National Bank of Altoona
...Blair county courts
...Harry A. Gardner,
...the bank, to recover $6,-
...ex-cashier's al-
...fraudulent con-

...great pay day of the
...Saturday, when
...employees
...Coal Company.
...prospect of full work
...the outlook locally

...for the building of the
...pushing the work
...work being now up
...weeks. A couple of weeks
...the brick work
...roof.

...trench intended for
...Wednesday af-
...Western was instant-
...Antonia Semmer
...at the hos-
...Both men are

...all in this issue
...attention of
...large and var-
...and dress
...bargains in
...and then go to her.

...commenced on
...from the Eb-
...railroad up Coal
...the branch is
...with some
...an outlet
...Lands.

...W. W. Blair,
...of the choco-
...was struck
...jumped the track
...He was pret-
...head and neck
...not serious.

...Thursday afternoon
...front of one of our
...residents eating
...a peck measure that
...This speaks
...the ordinance
...at large.

...Cambria township,
...colt last week.
...pasture and
...barbed wire fence. It
...when found that it
...as it would have
...if it had lived.

...Gallitzin and Tun-
...The opera house
...and organized a
...canvassing campaign.
...Friday even-
...speakers will
...Johnstown and

...Pennsyl-
...Friday. About
...and there was
...Chauncey F.
...President, Major
...and Robert
...The next meeting

...wonderful deposit
...discovered at
...heres have been
...eighteen-foot
...from East Liv-
...clay to be of
...has a good body,
...and will stand

...a corps of en-
...in the vicinity
...Cambria town-
...stood that they
...that they are
...the Beech Creek
...Johnstown. There
...difficulty in ef-
...the Hastings
...and that point it is
...as the one most
...is made there
...up the Chest Creek to
...where it will go under the
...and Cresson railroad with a

...buyers
...for the
least ...

...—Mrs. Sa... son, of
Pittsburg, wa... mber of
people in Ebens... a visi-
tor to the family of ... perts on
several occasions, died a... home in
Pittsburg on Friday, October 12, aged 26
years.

—Arrangements have been completed through the efforts of A. E. Patton, whereby the long distance telephone service is to be extended from Altoona to Patton. The line will also be extended on to Hastings and Spangler from Patton, connecting these towns with the general system of the American Telephone and Telegraph company, and the people of those towns put in communication with the east and West.

—The Republicans of this county are holding meetings along the line of the railroad and in the south of the county almost every night. Things are not so rosy hued as they looked some time ago for their candidates for assembly and sheriff and they are making desperate efforts to bring the voters into line. The calamity howl don't appear to work as well as it did and it now seems as if they cannot make it wear until election day.

—Assistant Secretary Reynolds, of the interior department, in a decision holds that section 4,718 of the revised statutes, relative to the payment of accrued pensions, is applicable to pensions under the act of July 27, 1892, granting pensions to the survivors of certain Indian wars and authorizing the widows of such deceased soldier to prosecute his pending claim under that act, and receive the accured pension to the date of the soldier's death.

—Saturday morning last the dead body of E. D. Hartley, of Bellwood, a tailor by occupation, was found in his room. Hartley had not been seen for a week previous to the finding of his body. The supposition is that he committed suicide, as an empty laudanum bottle was found on a trunk near the cot on which the body, which was badly decomposed, lay. A second bottle of laudanum was also found under his pillow with part of the contents gone.

—Ex-Governor Andrew G. Curtin's will has been entered for probate. It is dated September 4, 1894, is written on one side of a sheet of legal cap, and bequeaths everything to his beloved wife, her heirs and assigns forever. There is no knowing how much of an estate the governor left, but conservative estimates place it at near $1,000,000. He held the controlling amount of stock in three banks. In addition, he had considerable real estate and other valuable securities.

—On Monday afternoon the corner stone of the new M. E. church in this place, was laid with the usual ceremonies, the stone being a handsome piece of marble with the date 1894 cut on the face and in a receptacle cut in the stone was placed a bible, hymn book and a copy of each of the Ebensburg papers of last week's issue. Rev. L. McGuire, of Coopersdale, delivered a sermon appropriate to the occasion after which a collection was taken up which amounted to over $50.

—The souvenir edition of the Johnstown *Democrat* is on our table, and as a specimen of typographic art and enterprise in newspaperdom, is a credit to the establishment from which it was issued and to the city that sustains it. Its pictures of leading citizens, business houses and manufacturing establishments are not excelled in any work of the same kind that has come to our sanctum from the large cities, and the people of Johnstown should be proud of the *Democrat*.

—John Leighty died at his home in Ebensburg at 2 o'clock on Monday afternoon from typhoid fever, aged about 27 years. The deceased was a popular young man, strong and athletic, and in the pride of manhood when on Thursday of last week he was stricken with that dread disease which caused his death in less than a week. He was a son of the late William Leighty and is survived by his mother and several brothers and sisters. His funeral took place on Wednesday afternoon, his remains being interred in Lloyd's cemetery.

—During several weeks past unknown enemies of John Hoover, a wealthy resident of Allegheny township, Blair county, have been killing his live stock and stealing his turkeys, geese, etc., at a rate that threatens to impoverish him. Valuable cattle and numbers of fine sheep have been slaughtered, night after night, and the utmost vigilance of the local authorities have failed to connect anybody with the depredations. The other night a heavy charge of shot was fired at him, but aside from cutting his clothing, the shot did him little injury.

—Miss Hannah Massey, aged 24, daughter of G. R. Massey, general solicitor of the Philadelphia, Willmington and Baltimore railroad, died on the Limited Express just as the train was passing Johnstown on Monday morning. Her death was caused by consumption. In company with her father and mother she was returning from Colorado Springs, where she had been sojourning for some time, hoping that the climate would benefit her failing health. The remains were taken through to Philadelphia on the train on which she died.

—A team that was about being hitched up at the livery stable of O'Hara, Luther & Davis on Thursday morning started on a run with the swingletrees and doubletree attached. They ran on to the pavement in front of the Mountain House pool room and then turned, when each horse taking opposite sides of one of the large shade trees on the curb, separated the team and one horse was thrown and then captured. The other ran to the jail where it ran against the iron fence, breaking off one post and breaking down a panel of the fence. One of the horses was severely hurt while the other escaped injury.

—Things looked brisk down at the mouth of Cush Creek on Monday, when over 100 men on a work train pulled in at Dowler and at once proceeded to build a bridge over Cush Creek, lay ties and rails and build things up in general. One thousand feet of railroad was made this one day up the river toward Burnside. It is nothing but a bluff on the part of the Pennsylvania railroad to check the Beech Creek from crossing at this point. The Pennsylvania people are silently going ahead completing the necessary work, and appear to act as if everything was O. K. A corps of them are a work between here and Hillsdale and another between Mahaffey and here.—*Glen Campbell Comet.*

—On Friday night of last week an effort was made by some parties at present unknown to blow up an unoccupied house in the outskirts of Carrolltown. On Saturday morning a piece of fuse about twelve feet long was found leading out from the the building. Under the building and attached to the fuse was a quantity of dynamite sufficient to have blown it into kindling wood. At the other end of the fuse was a lot of matches, some of them burned and some not, and some paper that had been set on fire. It was evident that the parties to the dastardly deed had set fire to the paper, expecting it to communicate to the fuse, and made a hasty departure. The fire in the paper after burning slightly died out and thus averted an explosion that would have destroyed the building. The discovery was kept quiet for the purpose of trying to find out who the guilty parties are.

Erring Pair Found.

...harles Lane, a former resident of the Seventeenth ward, and Miss Annie Hoover, who also formerly lived in this city, were arrested yesterday at Greensburg by Constable Isaac J. Harris, and the long looked-for pair now occupy separate cells in the city prison awaiting transportation in the county jail. The charge against Lane is adultry, which was made by Elizabeth Wise, while Annie is indicted on oath of Mrs. Alice Lane, the wife of the the prisoner, with fornication.

Early last July Lane deserted his wife and three children and went to Greensburg. Some two weeks later Annie took her departure. It was generally believed the pair had eloped, but efforts to locate them proved failures until yesterday, when Constable Harris learned that the parties were living together as man and wife at Greensburg.

The officer, armed with the legal papers, departed yesterday morning, and after much trouble located Lane and Annie in the outskirts of Greensburg. Lane, since living Johnstown, has been known as Charles Lane, alias Charles Ross, alias Charles Alexander. It was the assumed names under which he had been sailing which aided him in eluding the law so long.

Immediately after their arrival last night on the Fast Line both were escorted to the office of Alderman Harris, where the charges against each were read. They waived a hearing and both stand committed to answer to the grand jury at the December term of court.—*Tuesday's Johnstown Democrat.*

Along with the above we glean the following from the Greensburg *Argus:* "There are other circumstances connected with the affair which may terminate more seriously far Lane and his paramour. A child was born to the woman about five weeks ago, which died very suddenly and was buried in the Catholic cemetery on Sunday. Lane visited the *Argus* office yesterday morning and pleadingly requested that a notice of his child's death should not be published, for reasons which he gave. Suspicion was at once aroused, and the matter was being investigated when he was arrested. It is suspected, and on good grounds, too, that the child was put out of the way. When Lane was accused of the crime he said he could account for the child's death when the proper time came. The body will be exhumed and a thorough investigation made."

Annie Hoover, mentioned in the above article, is an Ebensburg girl and resided in this place until about a year ago.

Real Estate Transfers.

Citizens' Building and Loan Association to James M. Walters, Morrellville; consideration, $400.

Emanuel Reighard et ux. to Samuel Moose, Taylor, $1,200.

Samuel Moose et ux. to Jordan Grove, East Taylor, $1,200.

Sarah Ann Grove et vir. to Asberry Grove, Mineral Point, $125.

Samuel Kring's administrator to Lydia Reynolds, Adams, $1,000.

Harriet L. Ellis et al. to William D. Wire, Johnstown, $350.

John H. Bast et al. to Eliza Roos, Johnstown, $1,333.

Eliza Viering et vir. to August Viering, Jr., Johnstown, $1.

August Viering, Jr., to Henry Viering, Johnstown, $1.

Eva Marchl et vir. to Adolph Ascher et al. Johnstown, $1,250.

Charles Noel to Sebastian P. Sybert, Munster, $1,800.

John J. Hauk to Geoge C. Yeager, Clearfield, $40.

Cambria Iron Company to Christian Stagle, Upper Yoder, $923.

John Ashcroft et al. to A. V. and C. H. Barker, Cresson, $1.

Isaac Weakland to Cambria & Clearfield Railroad Company, Susquehanna, $1.

Sheriff of Cambria county to Alexander L. Black, Johnstown, $1,900.

Jane Jones et vir. to Ebensburg Agricultural Society, Cambria, $106.

Jacob Inscho to Mary Kirtly, Morrellville, $2,000.

Argument List.

The following cases will be argued at argument court, October 29, 1894:

Scrabue vs. Davis.
Scrabue vs. Moyer.
Gray vs. P. R. R. Co.
Commonwealth vs. Kojohn et al.
Betts vs. Michaels.
Commonwealth vs. McAvoy.
In re petition of M. P. Kearney for satisfaction of mortgage.
In re exceptions to report of auditor to distribute fund from McClelland property.
Monroe Bros. & Co. vs. Leap.
Equitable L. & B. Association vs. Hott et al.
In re exceptions to report of auditor to distribute fund from Jones property.
Warnor vs. Leahey et al.
Miller vs. Anderson et al.
In re opening Zollner alley in Carrolltown borough.
Borough of Morrellville vs. Bonner.
Paduia vs. Flick.
Grambling vs. Trustees Ev. Assn.
In re road in Reade township. (Petition to strike off confirmation.)
Weimer vs. Beilstein.
McDermitt vs. Miller.
Powers vs. McNally.
Commonwealth vs. Peters.
In re petition of John Eger for satisfaction of mortgage.
Mellon vs. Camp.
McKenzie vs. Will.
In re road in Allegheny township.
Equity cases—
Gannon vs. Widmann.
Gannon vs. Bantley.
McCann vs. Lilly Water Co.

J. C. DARBY,
Prothonotary.

Hung Himself.

On Tuesday afternoon when Mrs. John Morgan, residing in Cambria township, about three miles southeast of Ebensburg, went to the barn, accompanied by another woman, for the purpose of filling a bedtick with straw, they were startled to see the lifeless body of a man hanging suspended from a beam, with a rope around his neck. Word was sent to Ebensburg and several people went out to see if they could identify the man, as he was a stranger in the neighborhood. He was identified as an insane man, a Slav by birth, who had been an inmate of the almshouse for a year or more, and who was previous to his admission to the almshouse a resident of Hastings. Several weeks ago he escaped from the almshouse and since that time he had been tramping the country, and notwithstanding the authorities were searching for him, he succeeded in eluding them. He was about 30 years of age, and was known at the almshouse as the "dummy," as he never talked to anyone and would stand or sit in one position for hours at a time. We failed to learn his name.

Shot and Robbed.

Jacob Burket, an Arab peddler of Johnstown, while walking down the railroad near Conemaugh Furnace was attacked by two men, one white and the other colored, who robbed him of his pocketbook containing twenty-five dollars and a watch valued at twenty-eight dollars. After robbing him Burket started to follow the highwaymen when they fired two stots at him both of which took effect, one in the right hip and the other in the calf of the left leg.

Some railroad laborers hearing the shooting went to Burket's assistance, when the robbers fled. He was taken to the Johnstown hospital where his wounds although sore are not considered dangerous.

Quite Natural.

Naturally enough some of our readers may think that the political department of our paper is becoming a little top-heavy these days.—*Gosling.*

Quite natural when they digest the assertion and belief of the *Gosling* that it was "the McKinley law which placed so much money in the till during Cleveland's first term." "Top-heavy" sounds well and the *Gosling* fills the bill when it ventures on politics or the tariff.

A Reading Room.

A public reading room has been a long felt want in Ebensburg and is now an established certainty. The room in the Rivinius building on High steeet over the store of E. C. Parrish has been rented and is being put in shape for use. At a meeting held recently the folloliwng named officers were elected: President, Rev. R. Sirhowy Jones; vice president, V. S. Barker; treasurer, A. W. Buck; secretary, Geo. L. Bearer.

Following are the constitution and by-laws adopted:

Article 1.

Name.—The name of this association shall be "The Young Men's Reading Room Association of Ebensburg, Pa."

Article 2.

Object.—The object of this Association shall be to provide for the intellectual, social and physical culture of young men.

Article 3.

Membership.—The membership of this Association is free to all who submit to the rules and regulations of this Association.

Article 4.

Management.—First. The supervision and management of the affairs of this Association shall be entrusted to a board of five directors who shall be elected annually by subscribers of one dollar and upwards.

Second. The directors shall appoint a pr's dent, a secretary and a treasurer.

Third. The election of directors shall be held on the third Monday of September of each year, and will be decided by a majority of the subscribers present.

Article 5.

First. The president shall convene and preside over the meetings of the board of directors.

Second. The secretary shall keep a careful record of all the meetings and attend to all correspondence.

Third. The treasurer shall have charge over all funds and pay out same on orders signed by the president and secretary, and make an annual report at the annual meeting of the subscribers.

Article 6.

Amendments.—This constitution can be amended by a two-third vote of the subscribers present at the annual meeting.

Article 7.

First. The room of the Associ ation shall be open on week days from 2 o'clock P. M. until 10 P. M.

Second. Each person is expected to conduct himself in an orderly and gentlemanly manner.

GEO. L. BEARER.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, October 18, 1894:

Albert T. Ager, Barr township, and Anna Mary Yost, Cambria township.

Samuel S. Greer and Emma E. Masters, Johnstown.

John Getzy and Emma Orso, Johnstown.

John Randell and Harriet E. Gregory, Patton.

B. Frank Butler, Johnstown, and Gertie F. Forsha, Coopersdale.

John L. Raab and Jane Yutzy, Johnstown.

William H. Grambling and Lizzie M. Varner, Adams township.

James C. Patterson, Hastings, and Mary D. McCombie, Spangler.

Albert M. Buck and Mary A. Phalen, Carroll township.

John C. Adcock, Pottsville, Pa., and Lydia Teeter, Johnstown.

Augustin Conrad, Loretto, and Ella Kaylor, Carrolltown.

Abraham Hale, Patton, and Adam Pryor, Gallitzin township.

Emma Kanler and Henrietta Maloy, Johnstown.

John Miles Bowser, Blue Knob, Blair county, and Eva May Imler, Puritan.

Ellis Whittaker, Walsall, and Elizabeth Stafford, Hastings.

Andrew J. Rager, Mineral Point, and Frances A. Closon, Ehrenfeld.

Samuel Gambero and Theresa Cata, Hastings.

Webster H. Dishong and Johanna Taylor, Johnstown.

Annual Excursion to Rhododendron Park via the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that their annual autumnal excursion to Rhododendron Park, Lloydsville, will be run on Saturday, October 20.

At this time of the year a trip over the forest-clad mountains of Pennsylvania in their autumnal splendor, unsurpassed in richness and variety of color by the works of the greatest artists, is most enjoyable. The acme of perpection, however, is reached at Rhododendron Park, where nature in all its wildness and in modern cultivation is preserved with charming effect.

A special train will leave Pittsburg at 8:00 A. M., and stop at principal intermediate stations between that place and Cresson, the latter point included.

Excursion tickets for this occasion, good to return until October 22, inclusive, and and permitting of stop-off at Altoona on the return trip, will be sold at $3.00 from Pittsburg, $2.40 from Greensburg, $1.25 from Johnstown, 70 cents from Cresson, and proportionate rates from intermediate stations.

The extremely low rates that prevail for these excursions render them very popular and the opportunity offered by this year's excursion should not be missed.

Hurt on the Railroad.

On Monday evening M. J. Waltz, a well-known carpenter and contractor of Gallitzin, appeared at the watch-box at Kittanning Point with his arm broken and a number of cuts and bruises on his head and face. He was unable to explain how he received his injuries but supposed that when he was getting off one train another came along and struck him. He was taken to the Altoona Hospital where the surgeons amputated his left arm above the elbow. Mr. Waltz is now a resident of of Gallitzin but was a former resident of Clearfield township, residing near Chest Springs, where he owned a farm. He has a wife and six children, of whom one son remains at home. His family were notified by telegraph of the accident that had befallen him.

School Report.

Report of Ashville school for month of October: Number enrolled—boys, 18; girls, 28; total, 56. Average attendance—boys, 24; girls, 25; total, 49. Perfect in attendance: Samuel Doyle, Chester Doyle, Robert Will, Herman Eckenrode, John Parrish, John Eckenrode, Louis Pierotti, Joseph Pierotti, Ross Burgoon, Eddie Hanlin, Morgan Litzinger, Herman Litzinger, Katie McCarty, Abnie Mansfield, Gertrude Myers, Cora Myers, Laura Will, Bertha Will, Rhoda Mansfield, Bessie Delozier, Maggie Elder, Marie Ellwanger, Eva Litzinger, Carrie Eckenrode and Minnie Delozier.

S. W.

Almost a New York Daily.

That Democratic wonder, the New York *Weekly World*, has just changed its weekly into a twice-a-week paper, and you can get the two papers a week for the same old price—$1.00 a year.

Think of it! The news from New York right at your door fresh every three days—104 papers a year.

The FREEMAN and the *World* will be sent to any address for one year for $2.00.

WANTED Energetic men to sell our choice and complete line of Nursery Stock and seed potatoes. High salary and commission paid weekly. Paying and permanent position guaranteed and success assured to good men. Special inducements to beginners. Experience not necessary. Exclusive territory and your own choice of same given. Do not delay but apply to

ALLEN NURSERY CO.,
Growers and Propagators, Rochester, N. Y.
aug3 4m

STRAY BULL.—Came to the premises of the subscriber in Blacklick township about the middle of September a two year old red bull, not marked. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law. JOSEPH PRISEK.
Oct. 10, 1894.

DR. BUCK,
SURGEON and SPECIALIST.
Treatment of all Chronic Afflictions, Diseases of Women and troubles requiring Surgical Aid. Office hours up to 9 A. M., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 P. M.
1222 12TH AVENUE, ALTOONA, PA.
jan15.94

Miscellaneous Notices.

STOCKHOLDERS' ANNUAL MEETING. Stockholders' annual meeting of the Lilly Building and Loan Association will be held in Rainey's Hall THIRD THURSDAY IN OCTOBER, 1894, at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the general transaction of business and election of officers to serve for the ensuing year. Seventh (7th) series of stock will be issued that night.

J. B. MULLEN,
Lilly, Pa., Oct. 12, 1894.2 Secretary.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE. A lot of ground in the East ward of Ebensburg, 66 by 264 feet, in desirable location, having a two-storied frame house, 9 rooms and basement, in excellent repair. Will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms. M. D. KITTELL.
Ebensburg, Pa., August 10 tf

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in October, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS,
LESTER LAKIMER, Secretary. President.

FOR SALE. A pair Black Match Horses for sale cheap, 8 years old; will weigh from 1,200 to 1,300 each. For particulars inquire at the office of the FREEMAN oct12.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
oct18.89ly.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect May 27, 1894.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	6 30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 23 a m
Day Express, daily	11 04 a m
Altoona Express, daily	1 40 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 57 a m
Way Passenger, week days	2 56 p m
Mail Train, week days	4 26 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 28 p. m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 54 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

Trains leaves as follows: 7.20, 10.20 a. m., and 3.30 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 7.57, 10.55 a. m. and 6.05 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.30, 11.30 a. m. and 5.20 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.05 a. m. and 12.15 and 6.05 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 2.40 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.35 a. m. and 5.25 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 10.55 a m. and 6.45 p. m.

For rates maps, etc., call on agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 119 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

JOHN PFISTER,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Hardware. Queensware,
MADE-UP CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON,
HARNESS, ETC.,
OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,
CRESSON, PA.
may2 2oly

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency,
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.

To Investors.

WHY go away from home to seek investments when you can buy Pennsylvania First Mortgage Securities on the Cash or Monthly Payment plan and which will net you twenty per cent. on your money? For particulars call on or address H. A. ENGLEHART,
aug5.92 Ebensburg, Pa.

Duff's is the Best BUSINESS COLLEGE in America for obtaining a breadwinning education. For circulars address
P. DUFF & SONS, PITTSBURG, PA.

GINSENG
WANTED BY
SAM'L WELLS & CO.,
67 VINE ST., CINCINNATI, O.
LARGEST EXPORTERS OF GINSENG IN THE U. S.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of William Garrett, deceased. Letters of administration on the estate of William Garrett, deceased, late of Munster township, Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement. GEORGE W. GARRETT,
Munster, Pa., Sept. 7, 1894.X Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of Joseph Criste, deceased. Letters of Administration on the estate of Joseph Criste, deceased, late of Cresson township, in Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOHN G. CRISTE,
2703½ Market street, Allegheny City, Pa.X Administrator.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, hereby all persons not to hunt, fish or trespass in any way on our premises, as we will prosecute to the full extent of the law.

H. B. NOEL,
JOHN EEHE,
ALEXIUS WILL,
J. A. GLASS,
A. J. M'MULLEN,
HUGH M'NEELIS.

Clearfield township, March 9, 1894.

NOTICE is hereby given that the petition of Helena Mellon, deceased, praying for the reconveyance of the property assigned by said Henry Mellon to C. D. Wharton for the benefit of creditors, having been presented to the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county September 3rd 1894, that the same will be acted upon by said court on Monday, October 29th, 1894.

J. C. DARBY,
Ebensburg, Pa., Oct. 12, 1894. Prothonotary.

THIS FALL'S
BARGAINS
Beat All of the Many Startling Ones We Have Been Offering.

A Word to Economical Buyers Concerning Fall and Winter Goods.

Men's Suits.

For $5.50 we will sell you a Suit equal in make, material and style to any you have ever bought for for $7.50 or $9.00.

At $10.00 we will sell an elegant line of of Cassimers, Rough Cheviots, Unfinished Worsteds—Suits worth spot Cash $15.00.

Rough shifting Suits as low as $3.50, worth actual value to any one $5.50.

OUR BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S Clothing Department

Is one mammoth selection of all styles of patterns and styles of makes at astonishing low prices.

Children's Double-Breasted Suits at $1.25 to $5.50.

Children's Overcoats, with or without Capes, $1.25 to $4.50.

Boys' Suits, all sizes, for $3.00 and up to $12.50.

Boys' Overcoats at any figure you want, as we have them to suit everybody.

PANTS.

We have a line that will attract everybody.

Men's working Pants for 75 cents.

Men's scuff or evening Pants for $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00.

Men's fine dress Pants for $3.00 and up to $7.00.

Boys' knee Pants for 20 cents, 25 cents, 50 cents, 75 cents, 95 cents.

OVERCOATS.

We can save you lots of money by buying your Overcoat from us.

Heavy Hersey Overcoats, blue or black, long, latest style, for $4.50 to $7.00.

Moscow Beaver, all wool, for $8.00.

ATTENTION!

Any Overcoat that we have left from last season we are willing to sacrifice 50 cents on the dollar on, thus:

$10.00 Overcoat for.... $5.00
5.00 Overcoat for..... 2.50
2.50 Overcoat for..... 1.75

SHIRTS.

We bought a job lot Laundried Shirts, very fancy, worth $1.00, will sell them off, for 50 cents.

Outing Shirts, full yard long, for 25 cents.

Solid duck Shirts, all colors for 25 cents. Black satine, extra heavy, for 50 cents.

We can give you Underclothing to suit the cold weather for 50 cents per suit. These goods are extra heavy, very soft and non-shrinking. Try it.

HATS AND CAPS.

If you want to wear latest, we have it, at a price to suit you. We sell Hats for $1.00 that formerly sold for $1.50.

Caps, extra heavy, for stormy weather, 25 cents.

Fur Caps, with peak, for 50 cents. You never bought one for less than $1.00.

DRY GOODS.

India blue Calicoes, all patterns, for 5 cents. Other stores sell them for 7 and 8 cents.

Dark Calicoes for 5 cents per yard.

Turkey red oil Calicoes for 6 cents, former price, 8 cents.

Shaker Flannel, full yard wide, for 6 cents per yard.

Muslin, bleached or unbleached, full yard wide, for only 5 cents.

Lancaster Gingham for 6 cents per yard.

Dark Outing Cloth, 10 cents per yard.

Crash, bleached or unbleached, for 5 cents.

Cretonne, 8 cents, former price 15 cents per yard.

All wool dress Plaids for only 12 cents.

Handsome dark Satine for 12½ cents per yard.

Wool Cashmere, all colors, for 25 cents.

Ladies' Cloth, 48 inches wide, for 50 cents.

Surah Silk, all colors, for 40 cents.

Velvet, all colors, for 45 cents.

Stocking Yarn, all colors, 4 cuts for 25 cents.

Saxony Yarn, all colors, 3 cuts for 25 cents.

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS

Ribbed Vests, long sleeves for 25 cents.

Fleece lined wool Vests, 50 cents.

Natural wool and scarlet vests for 75 cents.

Children's wool Hose, 10 cents.

Trimming Braid from 1 cent a yard up.

All sizes and colors ladies' Corsets from 48 cents to $1.00.

Ladies' wool Skirts for 75 cents, worth $1.25.

5-ply Carpet Chain, all colors, for 20 cents.

Gray Blankets, extra heavy, for 75 cents a pair.

White Blankets, extra heavy, 11/4 wide, for $1.50.

Yellow Blankets, all wool, extra heavy, $2.25.

Haps, all colors, from 50 cents to $3.25.

Special Drive in Ladies' Coats

All new styles, large puff sleeves, fur trimmed, tight fitting, extra large buttons, with very large roll collar, for $4.50 and up to $13.00.

A SACRIFICE!

Any Coat that we have left over from last season will be sold for one-half the original price, thus:

$7.00 Coat for..... $3.50
3.50 Coat for..... 1.75

FURNITURE.

We are stocked to our fullest capacity.

8-piece Bed-room Suite, all hardwood, for $20.

Cupboards, with role front, two sections, for $11.00—never was sold before for less $15.00.

A new style Sink, with two drawers, extra large basin, with lid—can be changed to a Sideboard when not in use—for only $8.00. In fact, our line is all new and complete.

SHOES. SHOES.

When in need of Shoes you can find a full selection in men's, ladies', boys' and children's. We quote you a few leaders:

Ladies' dongola tip, button, $1.25, worth $2.00.

Ladies' tip Bluchorette, $1.75, worth $2.50.

Ladies' hand turned butt, $2.50, worth $3.50.

Men's tip congress or lace, $1.25, worth $2.00.

Men's top sole brogan, 99 cents, worth $1.25.

Men's top sole grain lace, $1.65, worth $2.50.

Men's calf tip congress or lace, $2.00, worth $2.75.

Men's tip congress, all 6 in size, $1.00, worth $2.00.

We carry a full line of men's Kip Boots. Our line of Rubbers is complete.

An Invitation.

Our stock is as fair to look upon as a pretty maiden's face.

The newest, worthiest ideas of men's and women's wear are always in our store.

Take our $2.75 calf Shoes for men for instance; also our ladies' $2.50 dongola Shoe. They're made by hand, which means (among other good things) that there are no nails or stitches inside to hurt the feet.

All new shapes, too.

Drop in and see them.

Yours truly,

H. ORTH,
THE LEADER.

R. L. JOHNSTON, M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.
Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.
Carrolltown Bank,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS
Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS
Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS
Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS
Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS
Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.

Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. PATTON, President. WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.

THE
First National Bank
OF PATTON.
PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.
Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
oct13.93

S. L. REED. PATRIOT READE.
REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
Office on Centre street. [4.28.93

KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ebf-'890

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, - PA
Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
Office in Opera House, Center street.

CANCER and Tumors CURED: no knife, book free. Drs. GRATIGNY & BUSH, 163 Elm St. Cincinnati, O

THOS. BRADLEY'S
CASH STORE
MAIN STREET, GALLITZIN,

Is filled to the roof with all the choice goods of the season in Dress Goods, new Covert Cloths, Cashmeres,

HENRIETTAS AND SERGES.

Henreiettas from 15 cents to the finest in the market. Full line of Prints, Muslins, Cantons and Flannels.

New Things in Hosiery,

Shoes and Rubbers. Full line of Underwear for men and boys. Splendid Assortment of

Outing and Dress Shirts,

commencing at 25 cents and up to $2.00. All the New shapes in Soft and Stiff Hats, commencing at 50 cents up to the finest made. See our new Non-Rip Shoe for Men and Boys. Full Assortment of Flour and Groceries and all at low cash prices.

THOS. BRADLEY.

IT WILL PAY YOU

To go to QUINN'S, Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and FREIGHT PAID on All Large Packages.

JAMES QUINN.

REDUCTION IN
OUTWARD : STEERAGE !
TICKETS TO QUEENSTOWN, $14.

J. B. MULLEN, Agent.
Office in Mullen & Smith's Clothing Store, Lilly, Pa.
jun15.94

ITALY'S POPULAR WAR SONG.

Originating in a Dance Hall, It Comes to Stand for National Protection.

The popular "Daghela Avanti un Passo" is a striking illustration of the fortuitous manner in which some airs acquire a national renown. In 1858 Milan was a hotbed of Italian conspiracy and intrigue against the Austrian rule in Lombardy, says Laura A. Smith in Lippincott's. At the teatro della Cannobiana a ballet dancer was received by the spectators with mingled applause and hisses. This gave rise to disorder; the police interfered and took the part of the majority, who were adverse to the danseuse. At once the popular sympathies were enlisted in her favor, and her cause was henceforth identified with patriotic aspirations. Further disturbances followed, and the run of the ballet was stopped; but the tune to which the ballet girl danced her passo a solo passed into the streets of Milan and was heard everywhere. The words, partly Italian, partly Milanese, were a hybrid melange of love and war, with the refrain: "Daghela avanti un passo," meaning "Move a step forward." And this was received by the public as an exhortation to patriotic action, while by the Austrians both tune and words were deemed an insolent challenge and were not forgotten a few months later when war was declared between Austria and the kingdom of Piedmont. "Daghela avanti" was then played in derision by the Austrian military bands as they advanced into Piedmont, but Austria was soon obliged to evacuate this district, and her retreating armies heard the same strains sung by the advancing soldiers of Italy. Province after province was annexed to Piedmont, and with each successive annexation the popularity of this strange song increased until it was heard all over Italy.

SACHET POWDER RECEIPES.

White Heliotrope—Take of heliotropine, 30 grains; Tonquin bean, 1 drachm; orris root, ½-ounce; musk, 1 grain; attar of rose, 3 drops. Mix well together.

Wood Violet—Take of orris root, powdered, 1½ pounds; oil of bergamot, 15 drops; oil of bitter almonds, 10 drops; attar of rose, 10 drops; extract of musk, 1½ ounces. Mix well together.

Jockey Club—Take of orris root, powdered, 1½ pounds; santal wood, ground, ¾-pound; oil of bergamot, ½-ounce; attar of rose, 15 drops; extract of musk, 1 ounce; extract of civet, ½-ounce. Mix well together.

New Mown Hay—Take of orris root, powdered, 2 pounds; Tonquin beans, 4 ounces; vanilla beans, 4 ounces; oil of bitter almonds, 5 drops; oil of geranium, 60 drops; attar of rose, 15 drops; oil of bergamot, 30 drops; extract of musk, 6 drachms. Mix well together.

Heliotrope—Take of rose leaves 2 ounces; orris root powder, 1 ounce; lavender flowers, 1 ounce; Tonquin beans, 2 drachms; benzoin gum, 1 drachm; musk, 5 grains; oil of bitter almonds, 3 drops; oil of santal, 30 drops; oil of Neroli, 10 drops. Mix.

Frangipani—Orris root, 2 ounces; rose leaves, 2 ounces; vanilla pods, 1 drachm; benzoin, 1 drachm; oil of lavender (English), 15 drops; oil of bergamot, 16 drops; oil of cassia, 6 drops; oil of pimento, 10 drops; oil of santal wood, 30 drops; oil of Neroli, 16 drops; oil of rose, 8 drops. Mix well together.

PERSONALS.

Emperor William, of Germany, is studying geology.

Madeline Pollard recently climbed to the top of Pike's peak.

Bunford Samuel, assistant librarian of a Philadelphia library, can recall instantly the title and location on the shelves of any book mentioned among 110,000 volumes.

John Tyler, Jr., son of a former president of the United States, still lives in an unpretentious house in New York, passing his declining days in poverty and paralytic pain.

Henry Clay's only daughter died and was buried at Lebanon, O., in 1825. Her remains have just been removed to Lexington, Ky., and they now rest in the Clay vault beside those of the great Kentuckian.

Clifford Breckinridge, of Arkansas, whom President Cleveland has appointed minister to Russia, once declined to fight a duel on the ground that he was then studying for the Presbyterian ministry.

Prof. Joseph Hyrtl, the eminent anatomist and the last survivor of the famous group of scientific men who laid the foundations of the renowned medical school of Vienna, has just died at his home near Vienna at the age of 84.

FARM NOTES.

The flesh of the donkey is said to be excellent eating, being as delicate in texture as the finest mutton, with the flavor of roast pork.

Every indication now points to a good demand for all classes of improved stock, and the old experience is that the masses prefer to buy when prices are high.

Geese do not arrive at maturity until their third year, but are long-lived. When full-grown, geese will weigh from twelve to eighteen pounds when dressed.

The proper time to cut clover is when the heads are all in blossom. If cut too early it is watery and if left until the heads are brown, the second growth will be checked.

Of the 47,000,000 sheep in the United States, Ohio possesses the largest number—4,400,000; Texas and California stand respectively second and third, the latter being credited with 4,200,000.

In Paris the dead horses are sold to the proprietors of the great poultry-breeding establishments in the neighborhood, who make them into finely minced, highly spiced and nutritious poultry food.

ALL SORTS.

Seals cannot live in fresh water.

In New Zealand cats are used to destroy rabbits.

Tame turkeys can be trained to hunt wild ones.

Juneau, the largest town in Alaska, has two newspapers, an opera house, a brewery and a news company.

The Mohawk Indians will not allow so much as a blade of grass to grow upon the graves of their companions.

A sea gull has been domesticated by Frank Rausell, of Sheboygan, Mich. It has just hatched a brood of chickens.

The honey bee is supplied with a pair of compound eyes with hundreds of facets, each capable of sight by itself, as well as several simple eyes.

A vein of bituminous coal six feet deep, which it was claimed was traced half a mile, has been discovered near the Lake of the Woods in Wisconsin.

The longest train ever hauled by a single engine in America was on the Reading line. It contained two hundred and fifty empty cars and was a mile and a quarter in length.

—No error is more fatal than that of those who think that virtue has no other reward because they have heard that she is her own.—Colton.

—A Revised Form.—Tom—"When is it the old proverb tells us to make hay?" Jack—"I forget, unless it's the heyday of youth."—Yankee Blade.

A FOOL never wants to learn, but the WISE MAN reads that

OLD HONESTY CHEWING TOBACCO

is the best that is made, and at ONCE tries it, and saves money and secures more satisfaction than ever before. AVOID imitations. Insist on having the genuine. If your dealer hasn't it ask him to get it for you.

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Are you reckless enough to venture? If so send two cents in stamps to the *Mack Publishing Co.*, 528 and 530 Washington Street, New York, for one of their beautiful illustrated **"Ladies' Books."** It is a novel, unique, and interesting work to every person of refinement.

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PERSONALS.

Senator Hawley has been thirty-six years in active newspaper service in Hartford, Conn.

Says an irreverent London critic: "Tennyson used 'whit-e samite,' because 'six-ply' 'shot-silk' wou'd hardly have sounded so 'mystic, wonderful.' Few of us know the nature of 'samite,' so it remains a poetical dress material."

Lord Chief Justice Coleridge had in his possession an exceedingly interesting collection of letters of Coleridge, Wordsworth and Southey, which had been addressed to his father, Sir John T. Coleridge. The letters cover nearly the whole of the poet's career.

The novelist Sacher-Masoch, of Galicia, is occupying his time in correcting his obituary notices. Some weeks ago it was noised abroad that he had thrown off this mortal coil, and journalists hastened to write up his biography, to eulogize or tear to pieces his literary works.

Miss Winifred Martin, formerly of California, now of Baltimore, has made a bequest to the Catholic university for a burse or scholarship in perpetuity for the Baltimore archdiocese. This makes the fourth scholarship that has been established at this university for the Baltimore archdiocese.

R. L. Stevenson's latest stories, which his admirers are awaiting, are "The Lord Justice Clerk" and "St. Ives." The former deals with life in Scotland during the latter half of the last century. "St. Ives" relates the adventures of a French naval officer who was imprisoned in Scotland by the British.

MUCH IN LITTLE.

The wavering mind is but a base possession.—Euripides.

It is better to fall among crows than flatterers.—Antisthenes.

Nothing is more noble, nothing more venerable than fidelity.—Cicero.

Adversity borrows its sharpest sting from our impatience.—Bp. Horne.

A fool can no more see his folly than he can see his ears.—Thackeray.

Force rules the world—not opinion; but opinion makes use of force.—Pascal.

A man of integrity will never listen to any plea against conscience.—Horne.

Follow light and do the right—for man can half control his doom.—Tennyson.

We know God easily, if we do not constrain ourselves to define Him.—Joubert.

The commons, faithful to their system, remained in a wise and masterly inactivity.—Mackintosh.

People seldom improve when they have no other model than themselves to copy after.—Goldsmith.

While the world lasts, the sun will gild the mountain tops before it shines upon the plain.—Bulwer.

BECAUSE.

Bats are not classed with birds, because they suckle their young, and, having no nests, carry them about until able to fly alone and care for themselves.

A red sunset foretells dry weather, because it indicates that the air toward the west, from which rains may generally be expected, contains little moisture.

Lightning travels in a zigzag course, because it passes through different strata of air and being resisted in its passage turns from side to side to find the easiest path.

A pint of the oil of vitriol mixed with a pint of water will not fill a quart measure, because the bulk of the compound has been reduced by the abstraction of latent heat.

A man feels drowsy after a hearty dinner because a large part of the blood in the system goes to the stomach to aid in digestion and leaves the brain poorly supplied.

THE CHURCHES.

There are 377 churches of all Christian denominations in Japan.

It is said of Mrs. Besant that she is dissatisfied with theosophy and has been seeking advice from Roman Catholics.

Max Muller asserts that the Hindus are riper for Christianity than any other nation that ever accepted the Gospel.

The Methodist Episcopal church collected in 1893 $13,940,832 for ministerial salaries and current expenses of its congregations.

The wife of Gen. A. J. Pleasonton, who died recently, was the daughter of a Presbyterian clergyman. She bequeathed about $70,000 to religious and benevolent enterprises.

In France from $8,000,000 to $10,000,000 are annually given to the Catholics, $350,000 to the Protestants, $40,000 to the Jews and $30,000 to the Mohammedans. These amounts are given by the government to support public worship.

MASTERS OF ART.

Diepenbeck started out to make a reputation as a painter on glass, but abandoned that line on account of the fragile nature of the material.

Signorelli, born in 1440, was the first artist who systematically studied anatomy with a view to delineating the human form with greater accuracy.

Memling is remembered chiefly by an anachronism. In a picture of the "Israelites Gathering Manna in the Desert," he armed the men with guns.

Giovanni Bellini was one of the few great artists who executed his best works in extreme old age. His paintings show improvement up to the age of ninety.

Van Ghent's pictures in the cathedral at Ghent, though at the time deemed miracles of art, were destroyed by the iconoclasts at the time of the reformation.

Alunno made himself famous by painting a resurrection in which the two angels who kept watch over the grave were armed with old-fashioned blunderbusses.

Language of Friendship.

"You horrid, mean, detestable, old thing," said a young woman in brown stepping up behind a young woman in blue who was enjoying a solitary ice-cream soda at a drug store counter. "You're a perfect pig."

The young woman in blue turned an astonished face toward the speaker, and the speaker was covered with confusion and blushes.

"O!" she exclaimed, "I beg your pardon. I thought you were a friend of mine."

To which the young woman in blue replied amiably:

"Of course, I know you did from the way you spoke."

Which is a commentary on friendship.—N. Y. World.

A Genuine Hero.

A party of young men were telling what they would do were they wrecked far out to sea, and left buffeting the waves without a plank to assist them.

Each one gave his opinion except Paddy Murphy, who after being asked for his, replied:

"Bedad, ye cowardly set of spalpeens, ye'd all be after savin' yersilves, an' not tryin' to save another. Why, it's Paddy Murphy that would swim ashore an' save himself, and thin come back an' thry to save another!"

FROM THE
SHEEP TO THE MAN!

Dutchess Trousers

Captured the medals at the World's Fair, 1893. Whatever the posture, style and ease are the same. Always in shape at work or in play.

WE KNOW WHAT THE TRADE DEMANDS AND MEET IT.

The manufacturers authorize us to give with every pair sold this unheard of

WARRANTY.

You may buy a pair of Dutchess Wool Trousers at

$2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00,

And wear them two months. For every suspender button that comes off we pay you ten cents. If they rip at the waistband we pay you fifty cents. If they rip in the seat or elsewhere we pay you one dollar or give you a new pair.

Best in the World. Try a Pair.

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FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

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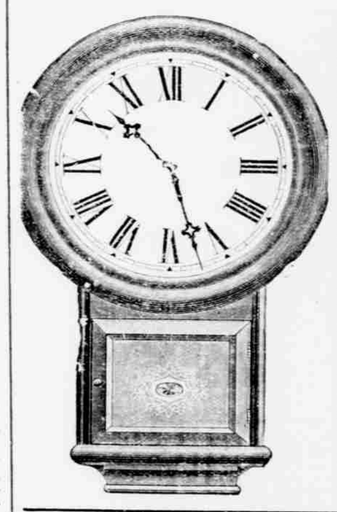

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MECHANICAL NOVELTIES,
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MAGNIFICENT ART GALLERY.

ADMISSION: ADULTS, 25c. Low Rates on All Railroads.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

CHINA'S FLAG.

A Tradition Concerning the Origin of the Dragon and the Ball.

A Japanese merchant in the city repeated this tradition of the origin of the Chinese flag one day recently, says the New York Sun: "The flag of China is one of the gayest among ensigns. The body of the flag is a pale yellow. In the upper left-hand corner is a small red sun. Looking intently at the sun is a fierce Chinese dragon. The dragon's belly is a brilliant red and white. His green body is covered with stiff knobs. He is standing on his two hind paws and the left forefoot. The feet are five-toed and slightly hooked. His long five-forked tail stretches away in the rear. The dragon's neck is arched back. His mouth is wide open, and he looks as if he were about to swallow the red sun.

"That is just what he is trying to do, and that is the symbolism of the flag," the Japanese merchant said.

Then he explained that the Japanese flag has a white body and in the center is a large red sun with rays radiating in all directions. About a thousand years ago the Chinese made war on Japan and prepared a grand invasion. To symbolize their anticipated victory they adopted their flag of today. They took the sun of Japan and made it small and put it in front of the dragon's mouth to express the idea that the Chinese dragon would devour the Japanese. It happened, however, that the Chinese fleet conveying an army of one hundred thousand men was wrecked on its way to Japan by a great storm and all but three of the one hundred thousand perished. Despite that unlucky beginning in the use of the flag the Chinese retained it.

SOME WATERLOO INVENTIONS.

Famous Sayings with Which We Are Familiar Declared Unauthentic.

Although the newspapers often print paragraphs about familiar phrases and their misplaced authorship, the mistakes, as a general rule, continue to be made. There is that story of Wellington at Waterloo, which originated, according to the Buffalo Courier, with Alison, the historian. The French having at last broken, so the tale goes, the "Iron Duke" cried to his reserves: "Up, guards, and at them!" In the face of frequent denials by Wellington himself that he ever gave such a command, it is repeated to this day as a historical fact. An artist once went to the duke and begged to be allowed to paint him in the very attitude he took when he uttered those stirring words. "Go to the devil!" said the duke. Again, a dowager asked him if he really did say: "Up, guards, and at them!" To this the duke replied: "I couldn't have said it, madame; it would have been absurd. What I probably did say to my staff officers was something like this: 'Gentlemen, you will now move upon the enemy's right.'"

Almost everybody believes that it was Napoleon who said: "God always favors the heaviest battalions." As a matter of fact, Tacitus was the first who is known to have used the phrase, and Voltaire and Mme. Sevigne uttered it in exactly the manner credited to Napoleon. That other familiar one: "The guard dies, but never surrenders," was attributed to Cambronne, who was made a prisoner at Waterloo. It was actually invented by Rougemont, an author of witty sayings, two days after the fight.

THE STAGE.

Max Walter, a member of Messrs. Rosenfeld's Liliputians, has signed a contract with Paul Philipp, and will shortly appear on the variety stage.

Wilson Barrett's fifth tour in this country will begin in Thanksgiving week. He will have two new pieces: "The Manxman" and the "Sign of the Cross."

Sarah Bernhardt has given several representations of Phedre in Paris lately, and the critics declare that she exhibited greater tragic power than ever before.

Henry E. Dixey has made up his mind to devote his time to an entertainment tour a la George Grossmith. He will give all his famous imitations and make-ups.

Henri Marteau, who is to go through Sweden, Norway and Denmark on a concert tour, will return to America in January to fill engagements in the south and west.

Mariana, who played first violin for Jenny Lind at Castle Garden forty-three years ago, lives in want in Boston, blind and helpless. He is over ninety years of age.

About one million tickets are used daily by the theaters of this country. Henry Irving was so well pleased with the work of an American printer that he ordered the tickets for the Lyceum theater, London, to be printed in New York.

An Effective Spur.

In the early days of the California legislature there was a member from Mariposa of whom it was said: "Just make him mad and he'll make a good speech, but not unless you do." On one occasion he rose to express his mind in regard to a certain subject, but the only words which came to his lips were: "Mr. Speaker—" When he had repeated them three times several voices suggested, scornfully: "Git out!" This was all that the member from Mariposa needed. His eyes flashed and his cheek reddened as he thundered: "The gentleman may cry 'Git out!' but the member from Mariposa will *not* git out. My speech is already begun. Is life so dear or peace so sweet as to be purchased at the price of silence in this assembly? No, siree! I know not what course others may take, but, as for me, I'll finish my speech or I'll know the reason why! And after bestowing a comprehensive glance upon his audience the member from Mariposa once more said: "Mr. Speaker" and then proceeded to make a really able and effective speech, which was loudly applauded at its close.—Youth's Companion.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

In Connecticut, Florida, Oregon and Wisconsin the school age begins at 4.

The national banks of New York at present hold nearly $100,000,000 in gold.

It is estimated that Great Britain holds at present $3,819,035,000 in foreign stocks.

Over three-fourths of the voting strength of Minnesota and Wisconsin is foreign.

In this country 18.37 per cent. of the population is native born but of foreign parentage.

In the fourteenth century 60,000,000 people died of the black plague in Europe and Asia.

The first national display of blooded and draft horses was held at Springfield, Mass., in 1858.

Utilizing Human Hair.

Human hair would be a salable commodity in foreign markets, says Mr. Hillier, British consul at Fusan, were its existence more generally known. The Coreans have remarkably fine heads of hair and they put their combings to a use that he has never seen elsewhere. A very large number of the saddle cloths placed under the packs of their ponies are made of hair woven into course mats or bags, and the same material is utilized in making the halters and head ropes of their animals.

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RHEUMATIC LINIMENT
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RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA, TOOTHACHE, BACKACHE, CATARRH,
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PAINS AND ACHES.

Larrabee's Rheumatic Liniment is an old and valued remedy, which has enjoyed a constant patronage for over 60 years, proving its wonderful worth and efficiency in all ailments where pain is attendant.

Larrabee's Rheumatic Liniment is not a liquid preparation to soil and tarnish by breaking; it is put up in wide-mouth bottles and applied with the finger, rubbing it in with more or less friction. It is

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EFFICACIOUS,
AGREEABLY SMELLING,
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Nothing On Earth Will
MAKE HENS LAY
LIKE
Sheridan's Condition Powder!
KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS
Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease.
Good for Moulting Hens.
It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs less than a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. One large can saved more than $50 worth of fowls. Six large cans, $5, express prepaid. Sample copy of **The Best Poultry Paper** sent free. Farm-Poultry one year (price 50c.) and large can $1.30. L. K. JOHNSON & CO., 32 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

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It ABSOLUTELY prevents slipping, and insures perfect safety and comfort to horse and driver.
Shod with the "Neverslip," your horse's feet are always in good condition—kept so by not having to constantly remove the shoes for sharpening.
The CALKS are REMOVABLE,
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When worn out new Calks can be easily inserted without removing shoes, saving an immense amount of time usually lost at the blacksmith shop.
On receipt of postal will mail free our descriptive circular containing prices of Calked Shoes, ready to be nailed on, for trial, offered this winter at very low prices.

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DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR
Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More Ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.
YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

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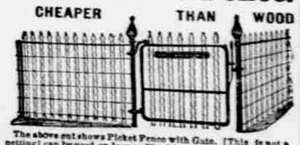

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AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm; large profits, opportunity. Gen. A... 141, 243 Broadway, N. Y.

OUR CITY NAMES.

Easton, Pa., was at first East Town.

Nantucket, Mass., has an Indian name.

Carson City, Nev., was named for Carson.

Omaha, Neb., is named from a tribe of Indians.

Galena, Ill., was named from its lead mines.

Louis Joliet furnished a name to Joliet, Ill.

Muncy, Pa., was named from an Minsi Indians.

New London, Conn., was at first called Tawagog.

Fond du Lac means bottom or head end of the lake.

The Peoria Indians furnished a name to the Illinois city.

Passaic, N. J., has an Indian name meaning the valley.

Chattanooga is an Indian name and means hawk's nest.

Fort Wayne, Ind., was named after Gen. Anthony Wayne.

Beaufort, S. C., was named after Henry, duke of Beaufort.

Norfolk county in England, gave name to the Virginia town.

KNOWN LONG AGO.

Banks were first established in Italy hardly by the Jewish money lenders. The first public bank was that of Genoa, 1350.

Notaries are first mentioned in the fourth century. They were appointed by priests and bishops to keep the church records.

India rubber used for erasing pencil marks was known in England as far back as 1770. A cube of it half an inch square cost three shillings.

Astronomy was a highly developed science at Assyria. It (...) in the Book of Job, written about 1520 B.C., mentions several constellations.

The first muffs were made for the use of doctors to keep their hands soft and warm, that they might more accurately feel the pulse of their patients.

The cross mark instead of a signature did not originate in ignorance, but was always appended to signatures in medieval times as an attesting token of good faith.

The administration of the oath by witnesses is a practice of very high antiquity. It is mentioned as of common use among the Jews at the time of the exodus from Egypt.

FAMOUS EXILES.

Grotius wrote many of his best works in exile.

Voltaire passed a great part of his life in what was practically an exile.

The earl of Clarendon wrote his famous historical works while in exile.

All the princes of the Bourbon family have for a long time been in exile from France.

Buchanan, the Scottish poet, was in exile and prison wrote the famous "Paraphrases of the Psalms."

Maggi, the great Italian scholar, wrote several of his best treatises while in exile and captivity among the Turks.

The exiled Marius sitting among the ruins of Carthage is a spectacle that has moved many a schoolboy to tears.

Cardinal Polignac would never have written the "Anti-Lucretius" if it not been that he was self-banished and so afforded the leisure.

FAMILIAR HYMNS.

"How beauteous are their feet" by Watts. Like most of his hymns it is a paraphrase of a passage of Scripture.

"Return, O wanderer, return," by William R. Gulliver and was first printed in the Evangelical Magazine, 1806.

"Come, let us join our cheerful songs" was written by Isaac Watts, to be sung at the close of a special sermon in 1717.

"Ye wretched, hungry, starving poor," is one of the best hymns written by women. The writer of this was Anne Steele.

"I thirst, thou wounded Lamb of God," was translated from the Spanish of the famous Count Zinzendorf by John Wesley.

PERT AND PUNGENT.

Character is what we are in the dark.

The man who has a short memory needs long legs.

Nothing can be given that does not cost us something.

The man who would be a leader must be the first to start.

A fool soon shows that he has an empty head by the questions he asks.—Ram's Horn.

Buried Treasure in Italy.

For centuries it has been the belief of the common people of Genoa that treasures were hidden in the bed of the Polcavera, a stream that runs by the city. Recently a carter, in digging sand in the bed of the dried-up stream came upon hidden treasure of gold to the so far coin of the face value of several thousand francs has been found. Under the supply is not yet exhausted, for by the Italian law half of this goes to the state and half to the finder. The value of the coins is far beyond the sum mentioned; many of them are rare and of great artistic value. They are of pure gold, and belong to the period between 1460 and 1550—that is, the reigns of Louis XI., Charles VIII., Louis XII. and Francis I., and are all of the finest French or Genoese. The Genoese ducats are specially rare and will bring high prices. The search for treasure is going on under police supervision.

Continents Named for Women.

Three great divisions of the earth took their names from feminine originals—Asia from a nymph of that name, Europe from Europa, the daughter of Agenos, and Africa from Dido, or Aphrica, the daughter of Epaphus. And the fourth quarter, America, though named for a man, has been given a feminine ending.